

Systèmes d'information

-

Ontologies

Bases de connaissances

UE FMBS312 Bioinformatique (TC3 du Master de recherche 2)
Universités Montpellier 1 et Montpellier 2, ENSCM

Véronique Giudicelli
LIGM, IGH, UPR CNRS 1142
141 rue de la Cardonille
34296 Montpellier Cedex 5
tel: 04.99.61.99.65 fax: 04.99.61.99.01
e-mail: Veronique.Giudicelli@igh.cnrs.fr

29 septembre 2008

<http://www.cbs.cnrs.fr/spip.php?rubrique134>

login: CBS

mot de passe: coursCBS

Centre de Biochimie Structurale - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

http://www.cbs.cnrs.fr/spip.php?rubrique174

Most Visited Getting Started Latest Headlines tomcat Outils linguistiques

CNRS-IGH WebMail Centre de Biochimie Struct...

Centre de Biochimie Structurale Montpellier

Le CNRS | Accueil CNRS | Autres sites CNRS

Inserm

UMI

Accueil CBS

Contacts /

Thèmes de recherche /

Plateforme R.I.O.

Publications

Pôles Techniques / Technical poles

A.B.C.I.S.

Formations

Partenariats /

Done

Accès aux enseignements en ligne > Réservé aux étudiants avec mot de passe > Année 2008-2009 > Master Mention Biologie Santé > M2_FMBS312_Bioinformatique

M2_FMBS312_Bioinformatique

Accès validé pour Etudiant Master . [Cliquez ici pour vous déconnecter](#)

Enseignement : planning réalisé par : Stefano Trapani

Responsables :

- [Marie-Paule Lefranc](#)
- [Stefano Trapani](#)

PLANNING

lun 29 sept 2008

14:30—16:20 [Bases de connaissances, systèmes d'information et ontologies](#), Véronique Giudicelli

16:40—18:30 [Concepts de bases de données](#), Cyril Sarrauste de Menthière

mar 30 sept 2008

14:30—16:20 [Analyse de séquences de protéines](#) Stefano Trapani

16:40—18:30 [Protéomiques et analyse de données expérimentales \(MS, RMN\)](#), Alain Chavanieu

mer 1 oct 2008

Système d'information

Ensemble des moyens

organisation (CNRS,...),
acteurs,
systèmes informatiques

.

nécessaires au traitement et à l'exploitation des informations dans le cadre d'objectifs définis

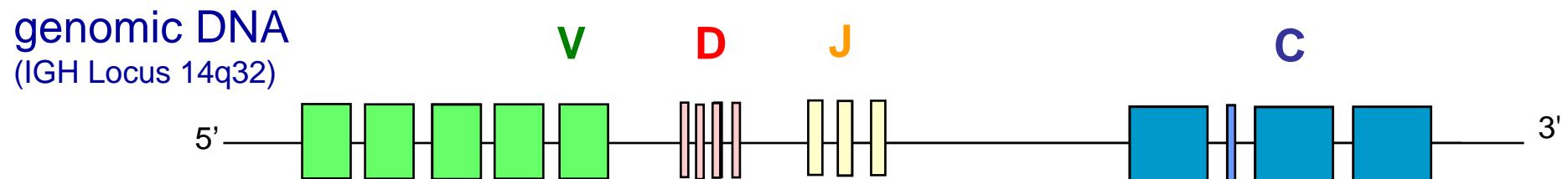
IMGT®, the international ImMunoGeneTics information system® (<http://imgt.cines.fr>)

Source unique de connaissances en immunogénétique et
immunoinformatique, au niveau international.

IMGT® est spécialisé dans les séquences, structures et données génétiques des immunoglobulines (IG), des récepteurs T (TR), du complexe majeur d'histocompatibilité (MHC) des vertébrés, des protéines des superfamilles IgSF et MhcSF, et des protéines apparentées du système immunitaire.

The screenshot shows the IMGT Home page as it would appear in a web browser. The title bar reads "IMGT Home page - Mozilla Firefox". The menu bar includes "File", "Edit", "View", "History", "Bookmarks", "Tools", and "Help". On the left, there is a "WELCOME ! to the IMGT Home page" message and a logo for "THE INTERNATIONAL IMMUNOGENETICS INFORMATION SYSTEM®". On the right, there is a large IMGT logo with the text "Information system®" and the URL "http://imgt.cines.fr". The main content area contains a detailed description of what IMGT is, mentioning its databases (LIGM-DB, MHC-DB, PRIMER-DB, GENE-DB, 3Dstructure-DB), web resources, and interactive tools. It also credits Marie-Paule Lefranc as the founder and director. At the bottom, there are links for "IMGT Site Map" and "Information on IMGT® (creations and updates, references, FAQ, citing IMGT, funding support...)". A small icon of an open book labeled "IMGT Livre d'Or" is located at the bottom right. The status bar at the bottom left says "Done".

Le contexte biologique: la synthèse des IG et des TR

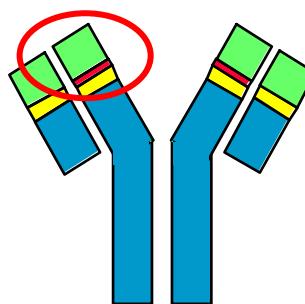


rearranged DNA



mRNA

Potentiellement 2×10^{12}
différentes IG
Par individu



Diversité des junctions : exemple d'une chaîne lourde d'IG

3'V-REGION

N1-REGION

D-REGION

N2-REGION

5'J-REGION

tgtgcgaaaga



taccc



agcatatttgtggtggtgactgctattcc



gat



acaactggttcgaccctgg

2nd-CYS

JUNCTION

J-TRP

C A P Y R G D T Y D Y S W

tgt gcg cca tac cgg ggt gac act tat gat tac tcc tgg

Système informatique (SI)

Partie automatisée d'un système d'information.

Le **système informatique** regroupe :

- Le matériel physique et câblage (PC, réseau,...)
- Le réseau (adresse IP, noms, ...)
- Le(s) système(s) d'exploitation (Windows, Linux, ...)
- Sauvegardes

- Les applications :
bases de données,
logiciels de développement,
interfaces d'exploitation, ...

IMGT Home page - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

IMGT databases

- [IMGT/LIGM-DB](#) (IG and TR from 223 species) (LIGM, Montpellier, France)
(126 667 entries)
 - [IMGT/MHC-DB](#) (IMGT/MHC-HLA, -NHP, -DLA, -FLA) (ANRI, BPRC, hosted at EBI)
 - [IMGT/PRIMER-DB](#) (IG and TR from 11 species) (LIGM, Montpellier, France)
(1 864 entries)
-
- [IMGT/GENE-DB](#) (IG and TR genes from human, mouse and rat) (LIGM, Montpellier, France) (1 911 genes, 2 909 alleles)
 - [IMGT/3Dstructure-DB](#) (IG and TR, MHC and RPI gene and allele identification and IMGT Colliers de Perles) (1 461 entries)

IMGT tools

- [IMGT/V-QUEST](#) (sequence alignment software for IG, TR and HLA)
 - [IMGT/JunctionAnalysis](#) (for human and mouse IG and TR)
 - [IMGT/Allele-Align](#)
 - [IMGT/PhyloGene](#)
 - [IMGT/DomainDisplay](#) (Amino acid sequences)
-
- [IMGT/LocusView](#), [IMGT/GeneView](#), [IMGT/GeneSearch](#), [IMGT/CloneSearch](#) (for human IGK, IGL, IGH, TRA/TRD, TRB, TRG, mouse TRA/TRD and human MHC)
 - [IMGT/GenelInfo](#) (TIMC and ICH, Grenoble; LIGM, Montpellier)
 - [IMGT/GeneFrequency](#)
-
- [IMGT/DomainGapAlign](#)
 - [IMGT/Collier-de-Perles](#)
 - [IMGT/DomainSuperimpose](#)
 - [IMGT/StructuralQuery](#)

Done

IMGT Web resources

- [IMGT Repertoire](#) (IG and TR, MHC and RPI)
- [IMGT Index](#) (FactsBook)
- [IMGT Scientific chart](#) (Sequence description, Numbering, Nomenclature, Representation rules)
- [IMGT Bloc-notes](#) (Interesting links, PubMed, Meeting announcements, Postdoctoral positions and jobs, Messages, Search engines...)
- [IMGT Education](#) (IMGT Lexique, Aide-mémoire, Tutorials, Questions and answers, Enseignements...)
- [IMGT Medical page](#), [IMGT Veterinary page](#), [IMGT Biotechnology page](#)
- [IMGT Posters and diaporama](#)
- [The IMGT Immunoinformatics page](#)

IMGT other accesses

- [IMGT Other accesses](#) (SRS, MRS)
- Compare your sequence against IMGT (BLAST, FASTA)
- [IMGT/LIGM-DB Sequence submission](#)
- [IMGT flat file release information](#)

Search

 
 www IMGT domain

Une application informatique distribuée utilise plusieurs machines

L'architecture d'une application distribuée est donnée par:

- la description des machines utilisées,
- les fonctions de ces machines pour l'application:
 - fonction stockage des données
 - fonction traitements des données
 - fonction interface utilisateur

IMGT Home page - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

IMGT databases

[IMGT/LIGM-DB \(IG and TR from 223 species\) \(LIGM, Montpellier, France\)](#)
(126 667 entries)

- [IMGT/MHC-DB \(IMGT/MHC-HLA, -NRP, -DLA, -FLA\) \(ANRI, BPRC, hosted at EBI\)](#)
- [IMGT/PRIMER-DB \(IG and TR from 11 species\) \(LIGM, Montpellier, France\)](#)
(1 864 entries)

• [IMGT/GENE-DB \(IG and TR genes from human, mouse and rat\) \(LIGM, Montpellier, France\)](#) (1 911 genes, 2 909 alleles)

• [IMGT/3Dstructure-DB \(IG and TR, MHC and RPI gene and allele identification and IMGT Colliers de Perles\)](#) (1 461 entries)

IMGT tools

- [IMGT/V-QUEST \(sequence alignment software for IG, TR and HLA\)](#)
- [IMGT/JunctionAnalysis \(for human and mouse IG and TR\)](#)
- [IMGT/Allele-Align](#)
- [IMGT/PhyloGene](#)
- [IMGT/DomainDisplay \(Amino acid sequences\)](#)

• [IMGT/LocusView, IMGT/GeneView, IMGT/GeneSearch, IMGT/CloneSearch](#)
(for human IGK, IGL, IGH, TRA/TRD, TRB, TRG, mouse TRA/TRD and human MHC)

• [IMGT/GenelInfo \(TIMC and ICH, Grenoble; LIGM, Montpellier\)](#)

• [IMGT/GeneFrequency](#)

• [IMGT/DomainGapAlign](#)

• [IMGT/Collier-de-Perles](#)

• [IMGT/DomainSuperimpose](#)

• [IMGT/StructuralQuery](#)

IMGT Web resources

- [IMGT Repertoire \(IG and TR, MHC and RPI\)](#)
- [IMGT Index \(FactsBook\)](#)
- [IMGT Scientific chart \(Sequence description, Numbering, Nomenclature, Representation rules\)](#)
- [IMGT Bloc-notes \(Interesting links, PubMed, Meeting announcements, Postdoctoral positions and jobs, Messages, Search engines...\)](#)
- [IMGT Education \(IMGT Lexique, Aide-mémoire, Tutorials, Questions and answers, Enseignements...\)](#)
- [IMGT Medical page, IMGT Veterinary page, IMGT Biotechnology page](#)
- [IMGT Posters and diaporama](#)
- [The IMGT Immunoinformatics page](#)

IMGT other accesses

- [IMGT Other accesses \(SRS, MRS\)](#)
- [Compare your sequence against IMGT \(BLAST, FASTA\)](#)
- [IMGT/LIGM-DB Sequence submission](#)
- [IMGT flat file release information](#)

Search

Google

WWW IMGT domain

Done

Les objectifs de IMGT/LIGM-DB

- Contenir toutes les séquences IG et TR des bases EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ
 - + de 126.600 séquences de 223 espèces
- Expertiser les séquences en fonction des connaissances en immunogénétique
 - identification des gènes,
 - description des motifs (régions codantes, ...)
- Suivi et intégration des nouvelles connaissances dans le système d'information IMGT®

IMGT/LIGM-DB: application distribuée

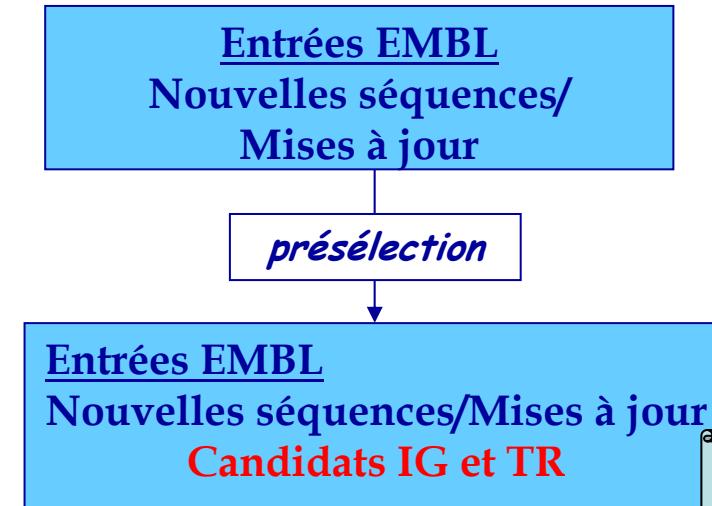
EMBL

IGH

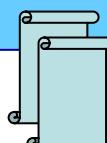
(Développement)

CINES

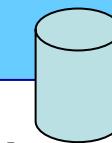
(Distribution)



ftp



expertise



Base de données
Web, ftp

A l'arrivée dans IMGT®

IMGT/LIGM-DB - Mozilla Firefox

- X

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

EMBL FLAT-FILE

```
ID AABR03051069; SV 1; linear; genomic DNA; WGS; ROD; 16176 BP.  
XX  
AC AABR03051069; AABR03000000;  
XX  
DT 13-AUG-2003 (Rel. 76, Created)  
DT 13-AUG-2003 (Rel. 76, Last updated, Version 1)  
XX  
DE Rattus norvegicus chromosome 6 clone CH230-392J6; CH230-207C13;  
DE CH230-361I3; CH230-68G3; CH230-83C24; CH230-408M5; CH230-30N12;  
DE CH230-110O20; CH230-321B4; CH230-83D21; CH230-232G6; CH230-170A13;  
DE CH230-375C4; CH230-331M14; CH230-186012; CH230-49E8; CH230-62J1;  
DE CH230-447G6 strain BN/SsNHsdMCW RNOR03303698, whole genome shotgun  
DE sequence.  
XX  
KW WGS.  
XX  
OS Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)  
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia;  
OC Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muroidea;  
OC Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.  
....
```

Done

Après expertise dans IMGT®

IMGT/LIGM-DB - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

IMGT FLAT-FILE

ID AABR03051069 IMGT/LIGM annotation : by annotators; genomic DNA; ROD; 16176 BP.

XX

AC AABR03051069; AABR03000000;

XX

DT 17-OCT-2006 (Rel. 200643-2, arrived in LIGM-DB)

DT 17-JUL-2007 (Rel. 200729-2, Last updated, Version 3)

XX

DE Rattus norvegicus chromosome 6 clone CH230-392J6; CH230-207C13;
DE CH230-361I3; CH230-68G3; CH230-83C24; CH230-408M5; CH230-30N12;
DE CH230-110020; CH230-321B4; CH230-83D21; CH230-232G6; CH230-170A13;
DE CH230-375C4; CH230-331M14; CH230-186O12; CH230-49E8; CH230-62J1;
DE CH230-447G6 strain BN/SsNHsdMCW RNOR03303698, whole genome shotgun
DE sequence. ;
DE genomic DNA; germline configuration; Ig-Heavy; regular; group IGHV.

XX

KW antigen receptor; immunoglobulin superfamily; IG; IG-Heavy; variable;

KW pseudogene; IMGT reference sequence; immunoglobulin; gDNA; germline;

KW V-gene.

XX

OS Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
OC cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Fungi/Metazoa group; Metazoa; Eumetazoa;
OC Bilateria; Coelomata; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;
OC Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Tetrapoda;
OC Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires;
OC Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muroidea; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.

XX

Done

A l'arrivée dans IMGT®

IMGT/LIGM-DB - Mozilla Firefox

Fichier Édition Affichage Historique Marque-pages Outils ?

RN [2]
RC Contact ncbi-contacts@bcm.tmc.edu for more information.
RP 1-16176
RA Rat Genome Sequencing Consortium;
RT ;
RL Submitted (11-JUL-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
RL Human Genome Sequencing Center, Department of Molecular and Human Genetics,
RL Baylor College of Medicine, One Baylor Plaza, Houston, TX 77030, USA
XX
DR EMBL-CON; CM000077.
XX

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FT		/clone="CH230-392J6; CH230-207C13; CH230-361I3; CH230-68G3;
FT		CH230-83C24; CH230-408M5; CH230-30N12; CH230-110020;
FT		CH230-321B4; CH230-83D21; CH230-232G6; CH230-170A13;
FT		CH230-375C4; CH230-331M14; CH230-186012; CH230-49E8;
FT		CH230-62J1; CH230-447G6"
FT		/db_xref="taxon:10116"
XX		

SQ Sequence 16176 BP; 4107 A; 3293 C; 3041 G; 5735 T; 0 other;
ggattgttagg cattaaaatc tactcctgac caggttcctg tcttggaaact gatgaccctct 60
acaccttatg gaaaggaaatg agacaatcaa tcacatttga acaatctcta atctccttcc 120
acatgtatgtat gaggcatctta taacatctga gagcaaacca ccagaaaacat ctgcttttaag 180
attccaatcc atgcctaaaat gttaaaaaga tccttatctac aagaaaaagaaa gtgtgttagt 240
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aatattgtat cctgaagctt tcattgttag aagctgctca aaactactgc agccacttcc 360

Après expertise dans IMGT®

IMGT/LIGM-DB - Mozilla Firefox

Fichier Édition Affichage Historique Marque-pages Outils ?

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FH
FT  V-GENE          1..16176
FT              /pseudo="Frameshifts in V-REGION"
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FT              /chromosome="6"
FT              /strain="BN/SsNHsdMCW"
FT              /clone="CH230-392J6;CH230-207C13;CH230-361I3;
CH230-68G3;CH230-83C24;CH230-408M5;CH230-30N12;
CH230-110020;CH230-321B4;CH230-83D21;CH230-232G6;
CH230-170A13;CH230-375C4;CH230-331M14;CH230-186012;
CH230-49E8;CH230-62J1;CH230-447G6"
FT              /allele="IGHV5S39*01"
FT              /gene="IGHV5S39"
FT              /organism="Rattus norvegicus"
FT              /mol_type="genomic DNA"
FT  5'UTR           6464..16176
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FT  L-PART1          6421..6463
FT              /translation="MRNRKKLFCFIILF"
FT  INIT-CODON       6461..6463
FT  DONOR-SPlice     6419..6421
FT  V-INTRON          6377..6420
FT  ACCEPTOR-SPlice   6375..6379
FT  V-EXON            6073..6376
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FT  L-PART2          6366..6376
FT              /codon_start=3
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FT              /AA_IMGT="1 to 26, AA 10 missing. AA 12 is a STOP
CODON"
FT  1st-CYS          6300..6302
FT  CDR1-IMGT        6267..6290
FT              /AA_IMGT="27 to 34"
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```

Information et connaissance

- Une **Information** comprend des données primaires issues l'expérimentation (mesures, images, séquences) ainsi que les données secondaires qui comprennent aussi ce qu'il est nécessaire de connaître pour leur analyse.
(résultats + matériels & méthodes).
- La **connaissance** inclut tout ce qu'il est nécessaire pour réaliser l'annotation des données, telle qu'elle peut être réalisée par des experts dans un domaine particulier.

=> **vocabulaire standardisé, contrôlé,**
règles d'annotation, dépendance entre les termes

Un exemple de question

Qu'est-ce qu'un gène?
=> plusieurs définitions

Dans une base de données:

- établissement d'un dictionnaire des données
- mise en place de contraintes à travers un vocabulaire contrôlé

Recherches bibliographique à travers des thesaurus de mots clés



File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

Most Visited Getting Started Latest Headlines tomcat Outils linguistiques

ID AF184762; SV 1; linear; mRNA; STD; HUM; 471 BP.
XX
AC AF184762;
XX
DT 25-OCT-1999 (Rel. 61, Created)
DT 25-OCT-1999 (Rel. 61, Last updated, Version 1)
XX
DE Homo sapiens IgA1 heavy chain mRNA, partial cds.
XX
KW .
XX
OS Homo sapiens (human)
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia;
OC Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Catarrhini; Hominidae;
OC Homo.
XX
RN [1]
RP 1-471
RX PUBMED: 8941639.
RA Pritsch O., Hudry-Clergeon G., Buckle M., Petillot Y., Bouvet J.P.,
RA Gagnon J., Dighiero G.;
RT "Can immunoglobulin C(H)1 constant region domain modulate antigen binding
affinity of antibodies?";
RL J. Clin. Invest. 98(10):2235-2243(1996).
XX
RN [2]
RP 1-471
RA Pritsch O., Hudry-Clergeon G., Buckle M., Petillot Y., Bouvet J.P.,
RA Gagnon J., Dighiero G.;
RT ;
RL Submitted (11-SEP-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
RL Biochemistry, School of Medicine, General Flores 2125, Montevideo 11800,
RL Uruguay
XX
DR IMGT/LIGM; AF184762; AF184762.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FH
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FT /mol_type="mRNA"

Done

Le vocabulaire contrôlé des bases de données généralistes DDBJ/EMBL/GenBank

Des codes pour indiquer les types d'information

The EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Database: User Manual Release 87 - Mozilla Firefox

Fichier Edition Affichage Aller à Marque-pages Outils ?

Hotmail 500 Internal Server E... Personnaliser les liens Windows Media vquest Windows IMGT/LIGM-DB Admini...

Code	Description	Notes
ID	identification	(begins each entry; 1 per entry)
AC	accession number	(>=1 per entry)
DT	date	(2 per entry)
DE	description	(>=1 per entry)
KW	keyword	(>=1 per entry)
OS	organism species	(>=1 per entry)
OC	organism classification	(>=1 per entry)
OG	organelle	(0 or 1 per entry)
RN	reference number	(>=1 per entry)
RC	reference comment	(>=0 per entry)
RP	reference positions	(>=1 per entry)
RX	reference cross-reference	(>=0 per entry)
RG	reference group	(>=0 per entry)
RA	reference author(s)	(>=0 per entry)
RT	reference title	(>=1 per entry)
RL	reference location	(>=1 per entry)
DR	database cross-reference	(>=0 per entry)
CC	comments or notes	(>=0 per entry)
AH	assembly header	(0 or 1 per entry)
AS	assembly information	(0 or >=1 per entry)
FH	feature table header	(2 per entry)
FT	feature table data	(>=2 per entry)
XX	spacer line	(many per entry)
SQ	sequence header	(1 per entry)
CO	contig/construct line	(0 or >=1 per entry)
bb	(blanks) sequence data	(>=1 per entry)
//	termination line	(ends each entry; 1 per entry)

Terminé

EMBL Feature labels (<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/embl/WebFeat/index.html>)

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window displaying the EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Database Submissions: Webin - Features & Qualifiers page. The URL is <http://www.ebi.ac.uk/embl/WebFeat/index.html>. The page title is "EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Database Submissions: Webin - Features & Qualifiers". The left sidebar lists various feature types, with "CDS" highlighted by an orange border. The main content area shows the details for the "CDS" feature, including its definition and optional qualifiers.

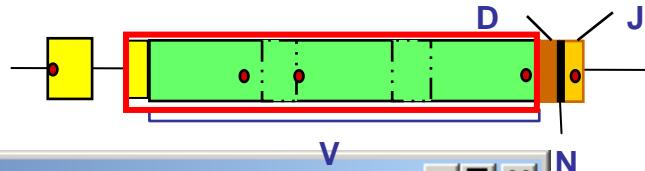
Feature CDS

Definition coding sequence; sequence of nucleotides that corresponds with the sequence of amino acids in a protein (location includes stop codon); feature includes amino acid conceptual translation.

Optional Qualifiers

- /allele="text"
- /citation=[number]
- /codon=(seq:"codon-sequence",aa:<amino_acid>)
- /codon_start=<1 or 2 or 3>
- /db_xref=":<identifier>"
- /EC_number="text"
- /exception="text"
- /experiment="text"
- /function="text"
- /gene="text"
- /inference="TYPE[(same species)][:EVIDENCE_BASIS]"
- /label=feature_label
- /locus_tag="text" (single token)
- /map="text"
- /note="text"
- /number=unquoted text (single token)
- /old_locus_tag="text" (single token)
- /operon="text"
- /product="text"
- /protein_id="<identifier>"
- /pseudo
- /ribosomal_slippage
- /standard_name="text"

EMBL Feature labels



Webin - Features & Qualifiers - Mozilla Firefox

Fichier Édition Affichage Historique Marque-pages Outils ?

EMBL-EBI EB-eye Search All Databases Enter Text Here Go Reset Advanced Search

Databases Tools EBI Groups Training Industry About Us Help Site

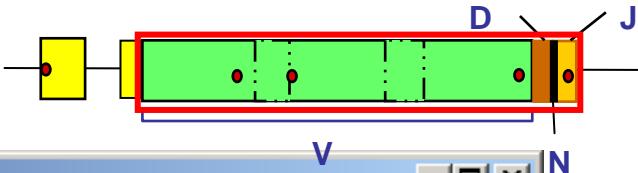
EBI > Databases > EMBL-Bank > Submission > Webin > Features & Qualifiers

EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Database Submissions: Webin - Features & Qualifiers

Feature	V_segment
Definition	variable segment of immunoglobulin light and heavy chains, and T-cell receptor alpha, beta, and gamma chains; codes for most of the variable region (V_region) and the last few amino acids of the leader peptide;
Optional Qualifiers	<p>/allele="text" /citation=[number] /db_xref=<database> /experiment="text" /gene="text" /inference="TYPE[(same species)][:EVIDENCE_BASIS]" /label=feature_label /locus_tag="text" (single token) /map="text" /note="text" /old_locus_tag="text" (single token) /product="text" /pseudo /standard_name="text"</p> <p>code la majeur partie de la région variable (V_region) et les quelques acides aminés du peptide signal</p>

?

EMBL Feature labels



Webin - Features & Qualifiers - Mozilla Firefox

Fichier Édition Affichage Historique Marque-pages Outils ?

EMBL-EBI EB-eye Search All Databases Enter Text Here Go Reset Advanced Search

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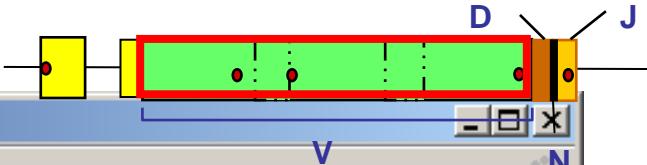
EBI > Databases > EMBL-Bank > Submission > Webin > Features & Qualifiers

EMBL Nucleotide Sequence Database Submissions: Webin - Features & Qualifiers

Feature	V_region
Definition	variable region of immunoglobulin light and heavy chains, and T-cell receptor alpha, beta, and gamma chains; codes for the variable amino terminal portion; can be composed of V_segments, D_segments, N_regions, and J_segments;
Optional Qualifiers	<p>peut être composé de V_segments, D_segments, N_regions, et J_segments</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">/allele="text"/citation=[number]/db_xref=<database>:<identifier>"/experiment="text"/gene="text"/inference="TYPE[(same species)][:EVIDENCE_BASIS]"/label=feature_label/locus_tag="text" (single token)/map="text"/note="text"/old_locus_tag="text" (single token)/product="text"/pseudo/standard_name="text"

?

List and definition of IMGT standardized labels



The diagram illustrates the IMGT standardised labels for a V-gene. It consists of a yellow leader peptide (L), followed by a green V-region (V) containing a red heptamer (H), a blue spacer (S), and a blue nonamer (N). A blue D gene segment is shown upstream, and a blue J gene segment is downstream.

corresponding region in cDNA	
V-EXON	germline genomic DNA including L-PART2 and V-REGION
V-GENE	germline genomic DNA including L-PART1, V-INTRON and V-EXON, with the 5'UTR and 3'UTR
V-GENE-MODULE	germline genomic DNA including L-PART1, V-INTRON, V-EXON and V-RS
V-HEPTAMER	7 nucleotide recombination site, like CACAGTG, part of V-RS
V-INTRON	non coding sequence between L-PART1 and V-EXON, in genomic DNA, or corresponding sequence in unspliced cDNA
V-J-C-CLUSTER	genomic DNA in germline configuration including at least one V-GENE, one J-GENE and one C-GENE
V-J-C-REGION	coding region including V-, J- and C- REGION, in cDNA
V-J-CLUSTER	genomic DNA in germline configuration including at least one V-GENE and one J-GENE
V-J-EXON	rearranged genomic DNA including L-PART2, V- and J- REGION
V-J-GENE	rearranged genomic DNA including L-PART1, V-INTRON and V-J-EXON, with the 5'UTR and 3'UTR
V-J-REGION	coding region including V- and J-REGION, in rearranged genomic DNA, or corresponding region in cDNA
V-LIKE-DOMAIN	coding region of non-IG and non-TR similar to an IG or TR V-DOMAIN
V-NONAMER	9 nucleotide recombination site, like ACAAAAAACC, part of V-RS
V-REGION	coding region of V-GENE without the leader peptide (plus 1 or 2 nucleotide(s) before the V-HEPTAMER, if present), or corresponding region in cDNA
V-RS	recombination signal including V-HEPTAMER, V-SPACER and V-NONAMER in 3' of V-REGION of a V-GENE or V-SEQUENCE
V-SPACER	12 or 23 nucleotide spacer between the V-HEPTAMER and the V-NONAMER of a V-RS

OK

OK

Quelle est la signification des ces termes dans le contexte de la biologie?

Comment ces termes sont-ils organisés?

Comment sont-il reliés?

Ontologies

Une **ontologie** définit formellement les termes employés pour **décrire et représenter** un domaine de connaissance.

Les ontologies sont destinées à être utilisées par:

- des personnes
- des bases de données
- des applications

ayant besoin de partager des informations

Ontologies

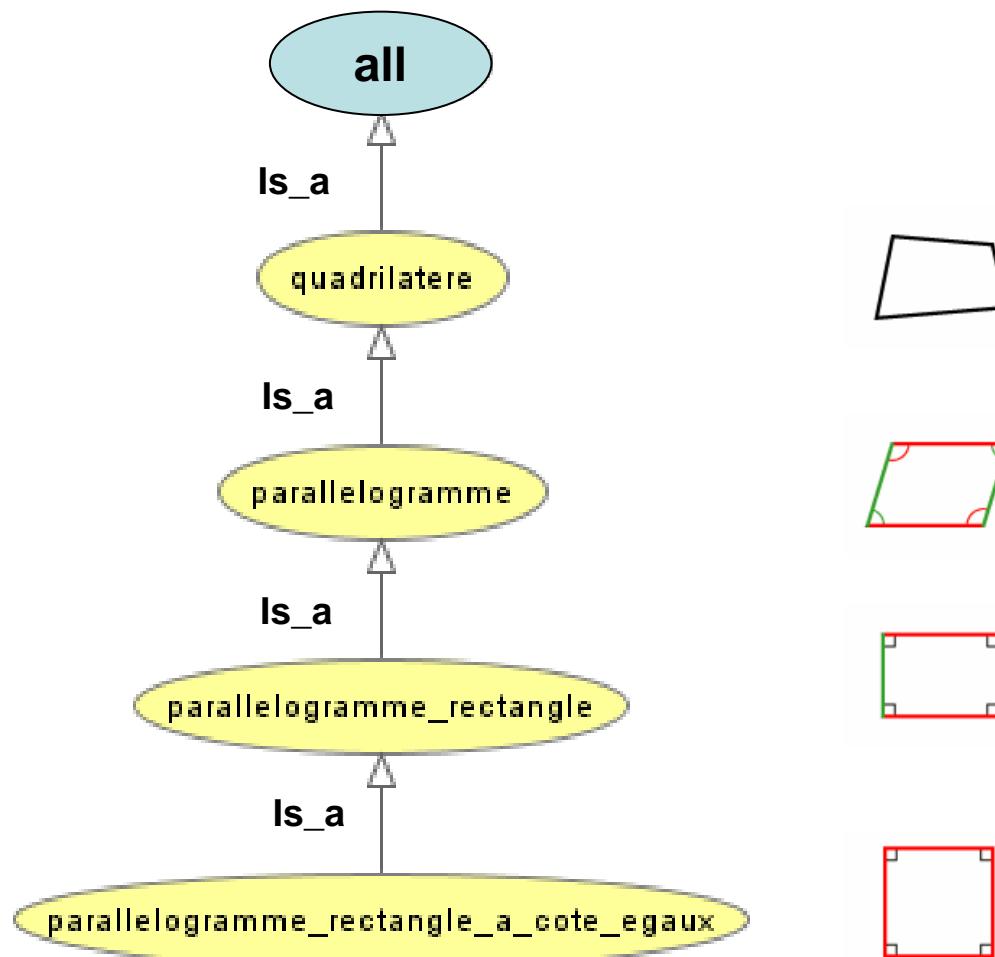
Au sein d'une ontologie, les termes sont regroupés sous forme de **concepts** (ou classes) sémantiques.

Les ontologies incluent les **définitions**, informatiquement exploitables des **concepts** élémentaires et de leurs **relations**.

Les ontologies doivent permettre le **partage** et la **réutilisation des connaissances**.

Exemple simple: les formes géométriques

représentation hiérarchique de concepts avec la relation « is_a »



Bases de connaissances:

Une ontologie ainsi que l'ensemble des **instances** individuelles des **concepts** constituent une base de connaissances. Une frontière subtile marque la fin d'une ontologie et le début d'une base de connaissances.

Les ontologies en Biologie

- On s'intéresse aux ontologies qui sont du domaine public.
- Leur nombre augmente régulièrement
(besoin de définir, de partager).
- Elles couvrent des sujets et domaines différents.

OBO (Open Biological Ontologies)
recense les ontologies en biologie.
<http://obo.sourceforge.net/>

The Open Biomedical Ontologies - Mozilla Firefox

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http://www.obofoundry.org/

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Ontologies Resources Participate About

The OBO Foundry is a collaborative experiment involving developers of science-based ontologies who are establishing a set of principles for ontology development with the goal of creating a suite of orthogonal interoperable reference ontologies in the biomedical domain. The groups developing ontologies who have expressed an interest in this goal are listed below, followed by other relevant efforts in this domain.

In addition to a listing of OBO ontologies, this site also provides a statement of the OBO Foundry principles, discussion fora, technical infrastructure, and other services to facilitate ontology development. We welcome feedback and encourage participation.

Click any column header to sort the table by that column. The s link to the term request trackers for the listed ontologies.

OBO Foundry candidate ontologies					
Title	Domain	Prefix	File	Last changed	
Amphibian gross anatomy	anatomy	AAO	amphibian_anatomy.obo	2008/06/19	
Biological process	biological process	GO	gene_ontology_edit.obo 	2008/09/27	
C. elegans development	anatomy	WBIs	worm_development.obo	2008/01/31	
C. elegans gross anatomy	anatomy	WBbt	WBbt.obo 	2008/07/09	
C. elegans phenotype	phenotype	WBPhenotype	worm_phenotype.obo	2008/09/25	
Cell type	anatomy	CL	cell.obo 	2008/08/12	
Cellular component	anatomy	GO	gene_ontology_edit.obo 	2008/09/27	
Cereal plant trait	phenotype	TO	plant_trait.obo 	2008/04/05	
Chemical entities of biological interest	biochemistry	CHEBI	chebi.obo 	2008/09/25	
Common Anatomy Reference Ontology	anatomy	CARO	caro.obo 	2007/06/17	
Dictyostelium discoideum anatomy	anatomy	DDANAT	dictyostelium_anatomy.obo 	2008/05/29	
Drosophila development	anatomy	FBdv	fly_development.obo 	2007/03/20	
Drosophila gross anatomy	anatomy	FBbt	fly_anatomy.obo 	2008/06/13	
Environment Ontology	environment	ENVO	envo.obo 	2008/08/07	
Evidence codes	experiments	ECO	evidence_code.obo	2008/05/29	
Fly taxonomy	taxonomy	FBsp	fly_taxonomy.obo 	2007/04/10	
Foundational Model of Anatomy (subset)	anatomy	FMA	fma_obo.obo 		
Fungal gross anatomy	anatomy	FAO	fungal_anatomy.obo	2005/08/10	
Human developmental anatomy, abstract version	anatomy	EHDA	human-dev-anat-abstract.obo	2007/06/17	
Human developmental anatomy, timed					

Quick Links

- [Mappings between ontologies](#)
- [Download alternate formats](#)
- [About the OBO Foundry](#)
- [How to join](#)
- [!\[\]\(1108c2fbb79f0bcec70196c027798227_img.jpg\) OBO Foundry paper in Nature Biotechnology, November 2007](#)

Other Ontology Lists

- [!\[\]\(6fecfb0d589412de8c1f4442a5d7b889_img.jpg\) BioPortal \(NCBO's ontology repository\)](#)
- [!\[\]\(77b26db0806ac73833a8bb36e723038a_img.jpg\) Ontology Lookup Service \(OLS\) \(OBO Foundry term lookup\)](#)

The Open Biomedical Ontologies - Mozilla Firefox

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Mass spectrometry	experiments	MS	psi-ms.obo	
Medaka fish anatomy and development	anatomy	MFO	medaka_ontology.obo	2005/11/08
Molecular function	biological function	GO	gene_ontology_edit.obo	2008/09/27
Mosquito gross anatomy	anatomy	TGMA	mosquito_anatomy.obo	2008/08/20
Mosquito insecticide resistance	environment	MIRO	mosquito_insecticide_resistance.obo	2008/09/27
Mouse adult gross anatomy	anatomy	MA	adult_mouse_anatomy.obo	2008/09/26
Mouse gross anatomy and development	anatomy	EMAP	EMAP.owl	2007/06/17
Mouse pathology	health	MPATH	mouse_pathology.obo	2005/08/10
NMR-instrument specific component of metabolomics investigations	experiments	NMR	NMR.owl	
OBO relationship types	all	OBO_REL	ro.owl	2008/05/06
Ontology for biomedical investigations	experiments	OBI	obi.owl	
Pathogen transmission	health	TRANS	transmission_process.obo	2008/02/06
Phenotypic quality	phenotype	PATO	quality.obo	2008/07/30
Plant growth and developmental stage	anatomy	PO	po_temporal.obo	2008/06/11
Plant structure	anatomy	PO	po_anatomy.obo	2008/09/12
Protein modification	proteins	MOD	PSI-MOD.owl	
protein ontology	proteins	PRO	pro.owl	2008/03/31
Protein-protein interaction	experiments	MI	psi-mi.owl	
Sequence types and features	biological sequence	SO	so.owl	2008/09/19
Spatial Ontology	anatomy	BSPO	spatial.owl	2008/03/18
Spider Ontology	anatomy	SPD	spider_comparative_biology.obo	2008/09/24
Subcellular anatomy ontology	anatomy	SAO	SAO.owl	
Suggested Ontology for Pharmacogenomics	health	SOPHARM	sopharm	
Systems Biology	biochemistry	SBO	SBO_OBO.owl	
Teleost anatomy and development	anatomy	TAO	teleost_anatomy.obo	2008/09/24
Teleost taxonomy	taxonomy	TTO	teleost_taxonomy.obo	2008/09/22
Tick gross anatomy	anatomy	TADS	tick_anatomy.obo	2007/12/13
Units of measurement	phenotype	UO	unit.owl	2007/12/20
Xenopus anatomy and development	anatomy	XAO	xenopus_anatomy.obo	2008/09/06
Yeast phenotypes	phenotype	YPO	yeast_phenotype.obo	2008/09/10

x Find: Next Previous Match case

Done

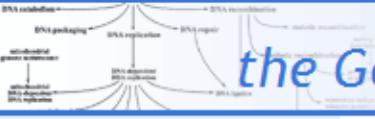
Gene Ontology.

- GO a été créée en 1998. GO résulte d'une collaboration entre plusieurs bases de données: FlyBase (drosophile), the Saccharomyces Genome Database, et des bases de données de génomes (homme et souris), etc.
- GO comprend 3 parties axées sur :
 - la **fonction moléculaire** (fonction des gènes exprimés ex: ATPase activity).
 - le **processus biologique** (rôles biologique généraux de fonctions moléculaire complexes ex: la mitose).
 - les **composants cellulaires** (structures subcellulaires, localisation des complexes macromoleculaires ex: le noyau, le télomère).

 the Gene Ontology - Mozilla Firefox

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  http://www.geneontology.org/  go ontology 



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The Gene Ontology project provides a controlled vocabulary to describe gene and gene product attributes in any organism. [Read more about the Gene Ontology...](#)

Search the Gene Ontology Database

Search for genes, proteins or GO terms using [AmiGO](#):

gene or protein name GO term or ID

AmiGO is the official GO browser and search engine. [Browse the Gene Ontology with AmiGO](#).

GO website

- The latest news and views in the [GO newsletter](#)
- [GO downloads](#), including [ontology files](#), [annotations](#) and the [GO database](#)
- [Tools](#) for using GO, including [OBO-Edit downloads](#), [AmiGO](#), and the [GO Online SQL Environment](#).
- [Request new terms or ontology changes](#) or [get help with new term submission](#)
- [Documentation](#) on all aspects of the GO project and the [GO FAQ](#)
- Projects within the GO consortium, including [Reference Genomes](#) and [immune system annotation](#)
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Done

AmiGO: Term Search Results - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

31 results for **MITOSIS** in terms fields **term accession, term name, and synonyms**

▼ Filter search results ?

Ontology Set filters

All biological process cellular component molecular function

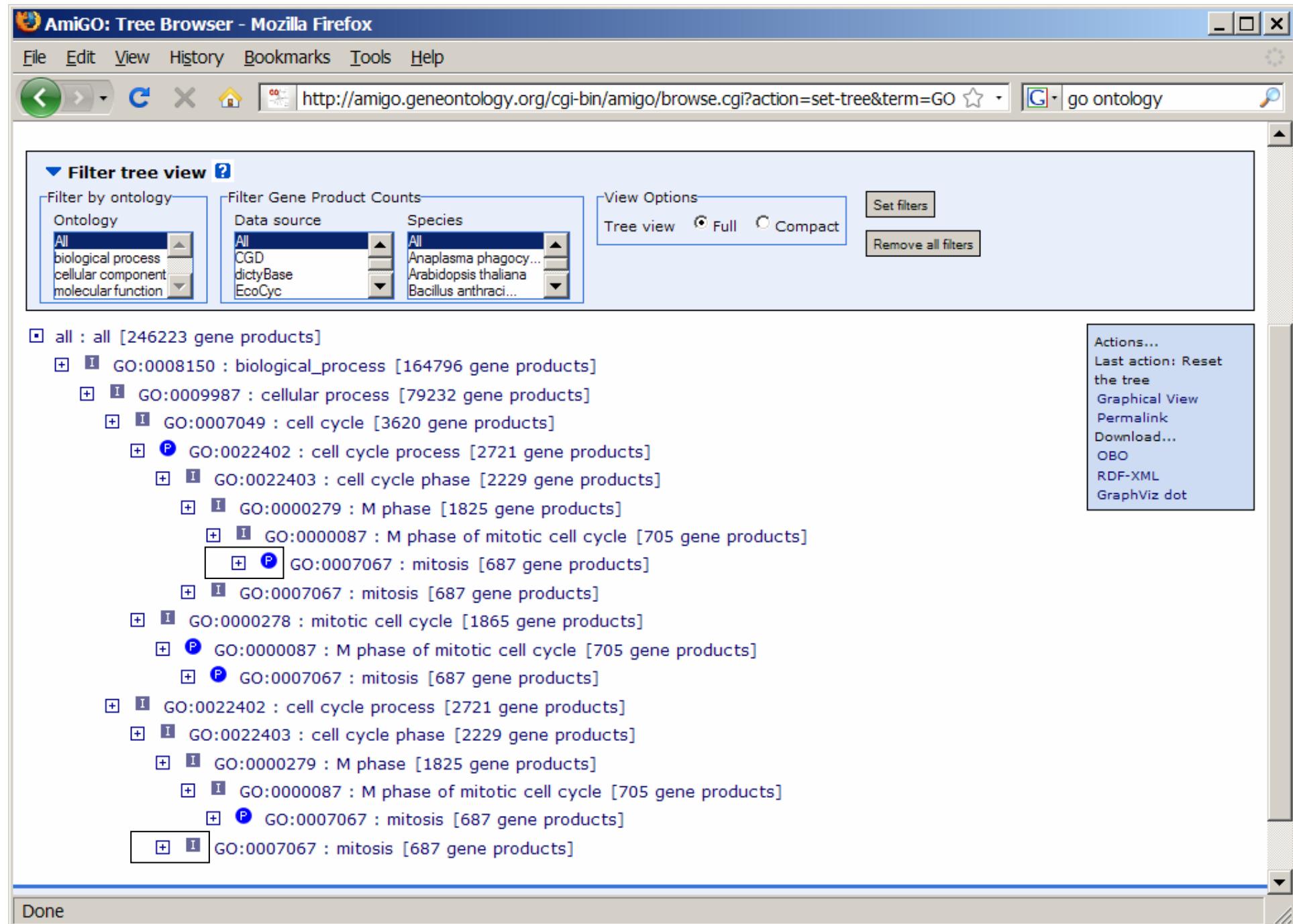
Remove all filters

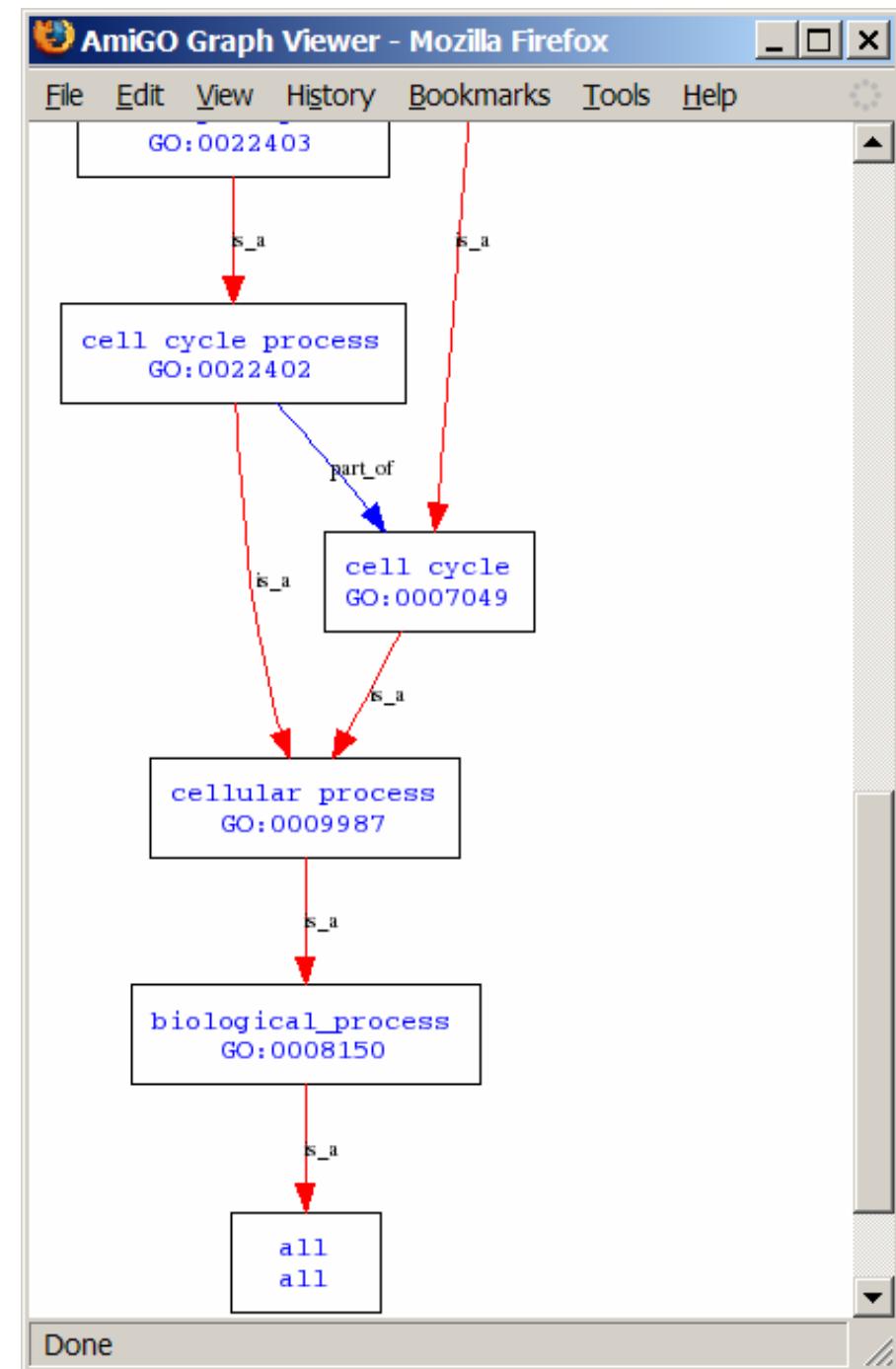
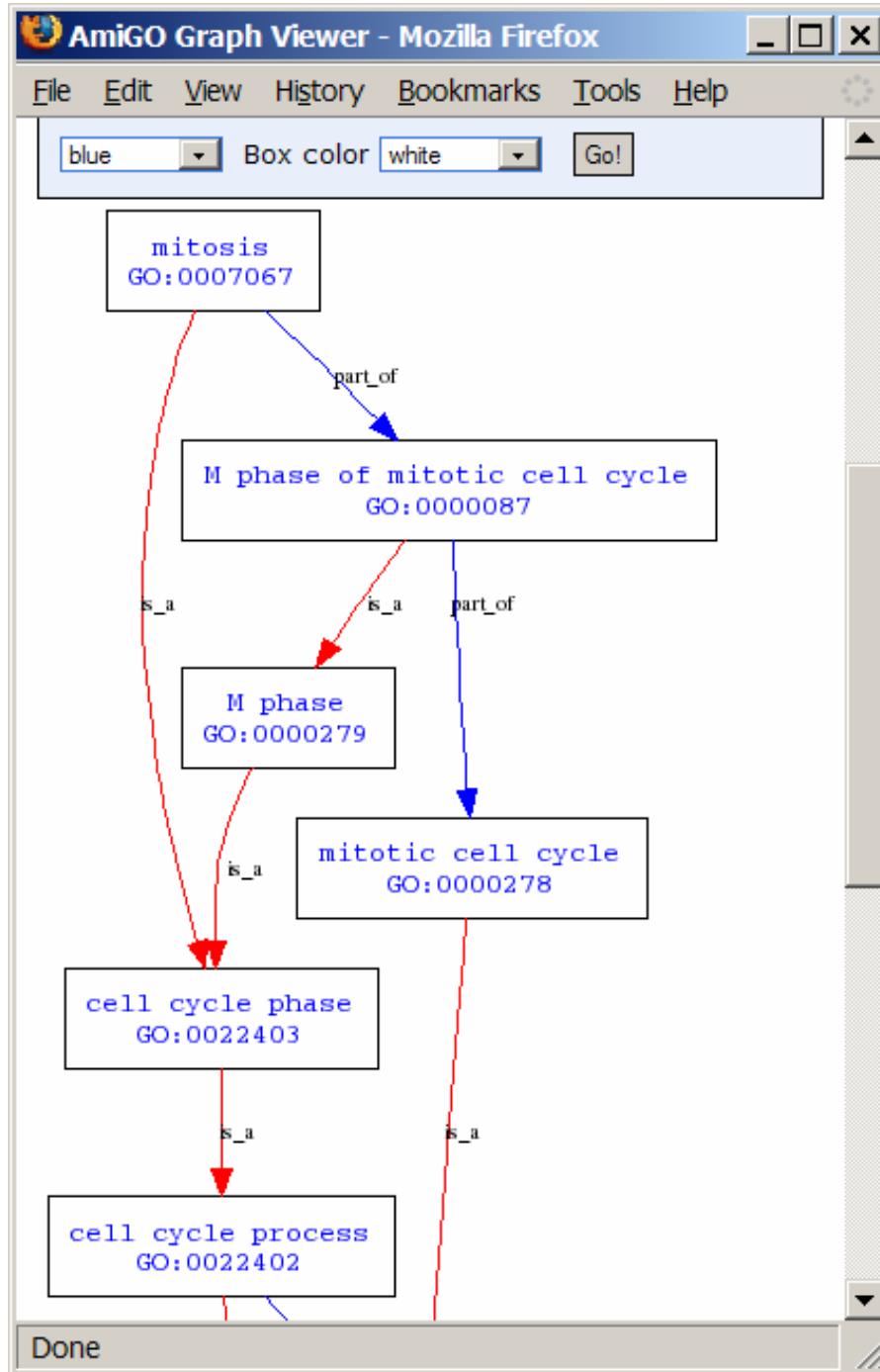
Results are sorted by **relevance**. To change the sort order, click on the column headers.

Select all Clear all Perform an action with the selected terms... Go!

rel ↓	Accession , Term	Ontology
<input type="checkbox"/> GO:0007067 : mitosis [hide def]	Progression through mitosis, the division of the eukaryotic cell nucleus to produce two daughter nuclei that, usually, contain the identical chromosome complement to their mother.	687 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/> GO:0051337 : a mitosis [show def]		0 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/> GO:0007113 : endomitotic cell cycle [show def]	Query matches synonym "endo mitosis " [exact synonym]	5 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/> GO:0010458 : exit from mitosis [show def]		87 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/> GO:0007088 : regulation of mitosis [show def]		215 gene products view in tree biological process

Done







the Gene Ontology

Search

gene or protein name

go!

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The Gene Ontology project provides a controlled vocabulary to describe gene and gene product attributes in any organism. [Read more about the Gene Ontology...](#)

Search the Gene Ontology Database

Search for genes, proteins or GO terms using [AmiGO](#):

IMMUNOGLOBULIN

GO!

gene or protein name

GO term or ID

[AmiGO](#) is the official GO browser and search engine. [Browse the Gene Ontology with AmiGO](#).

GO website

- The latest news and views in the [GO newsletter](#)
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- Tools for using GO, including [OBO-Edit downloads](#), [AmiGO](#), and the [GO Online SQL Environment](#).

Find: COMPO

Next Previous Highlight all Match case

Done

AmiGO: Term Search Results - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

59 results for **IMMUNOGLOBULIN** in terms fields **term accession, term name, and synonyms**

▼ Filter search results ?

Ontology

All
biological process
cellular component
molecular function

Results are sorted by **relevance**. To change the sort order, click on the column headers.

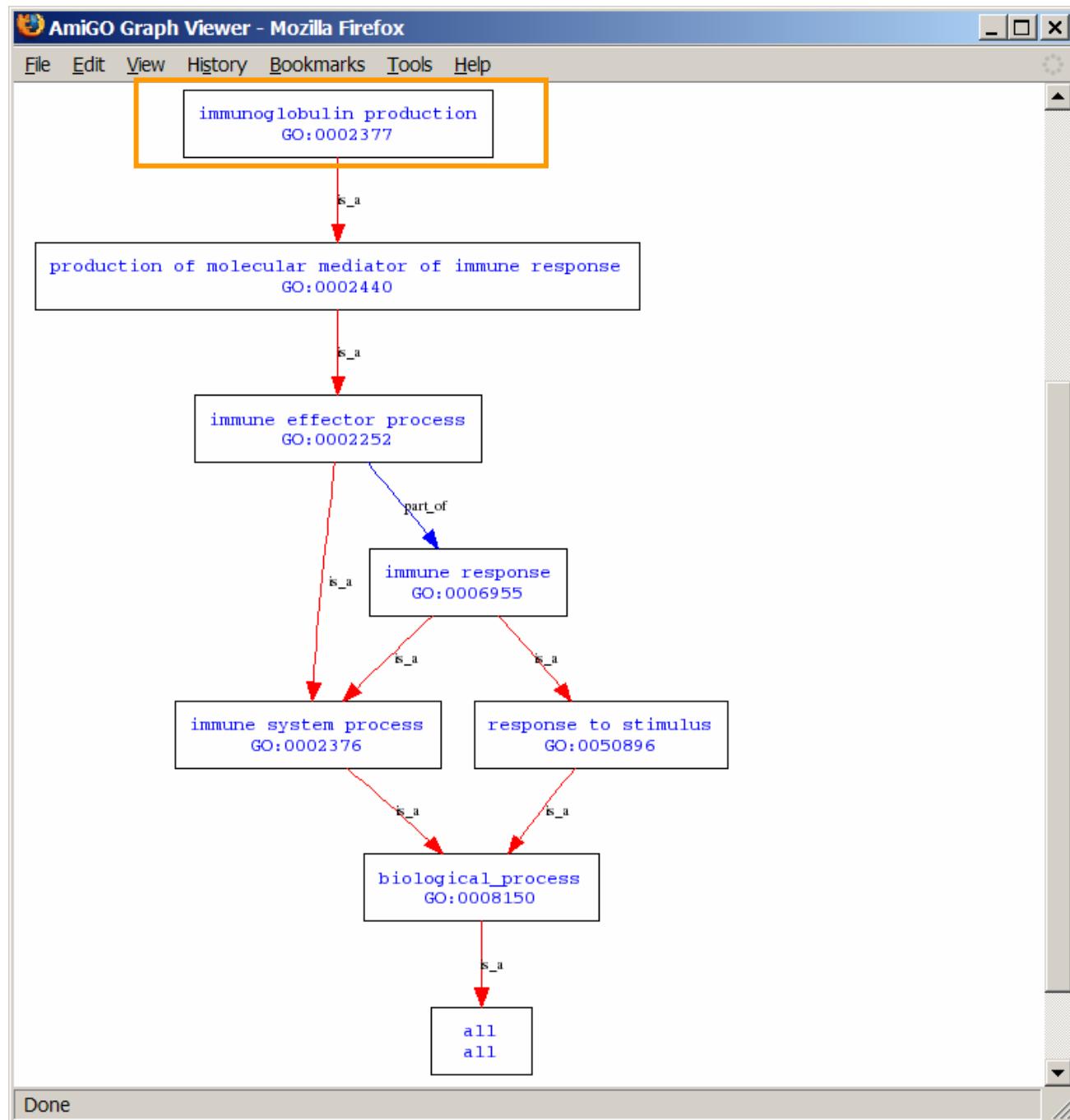
1

Select all Perform an action with the selected terms...

rel ↓	Accession , Term	Ontology...
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0019814 : immunoglobulin complex [show def]	18 gene products view in tree cellular component
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0019865 : immunoglobulin binding [show def]	41 gene products view in tree molecular function
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0048305 : immunoglobulin secretion [show def]	21 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0002377 : immunoglobulin production [show def]	115 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0033152 : immunoglobulin V(D)J recombination [show def] Query matches synonyms " immunoglobulin V(D)J joining" [exact synonym], and 4 more	8 gene products view in tree biological process
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0034987 : immunoglobulin receptor binding [show def]	0 gene products view in tree molecular function

Find: Highlight all Match case

Done



AmiGO: immunoglobulin production Details - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

immunoglobulin production

Term information ▾ Term lineage ▾ External references ▾ 115 gene product associations ➔

Term Information

Accession GO:0002377
Ontology biological process
Synonyms exact: antibody production
Definition The appearance of immunoglobulin due to biosynthesis or secretion following a cellular stimulus, resulting in an increase in its intracellular or extracellular levels. [source: GOC:add, ISBN:0781735149]
Comment None
Subset None

[Back to top](#)

Term Lineage

Switch to viewing term parents, siblings and children

Filter tree view ?

Filter Gene Product Counts

Data source: All
CGD
dictyBase
EcoCyc

Species: All
Anaplasma phagocy...
Arabidopsis thaliana
Bacillus anthraci...

View Options: Tree view (radio button selected) Full Compact Set filters Remove all filters

all : all [246223 gene products]
 GO:0008150 : biological_process [164796 gene products]
 GO:0002376 : immune system process [2714 gene products]
 GO:0002252 : immune effector process [588 gene products]
 GO:0002440 : production of molecular mediator of immune response [181 gene products]
 GO:0002377 : immunoglobulin production [115 gene products]
 GO:0006955 : immune response [1682 gene products]
 GO:0002252 : immune effector process [588 gene products]

Actions...
Last action: Reset the tree
Graphical View
View in tree browser
Download...
OBO
RDF-XML
GraphViz dot

Done

AmiGO: immunoglobulin production Details - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help

Filter tree view ?

Filter Gene Product Counts

Data source Species

All All
CGD Anaplasma phagocy...
dictyBase Arabidopsis thaliana
EcoCyc Bacillus anthraci...

View Options

Tree view Full Compact Set filters Remove all filters

GO:0002440 : production of molecular mediator of immune response [181 gene products]
 I GO:0002775 : antimicrobial peptide production [45 gene products]
 I GO:0002367 : cytokine production during immune response [40 gene products]
 I GO:0002377 : immunoglobulin production [115 gene products]
 I GO:0002378 : immunoglobulin biosynthetic process [4 gene products]
 I GO:0002381 : immunoglobulin production during immune response [78 gene products]
 P GO:0048305 : immunoglobulin secretion [21 gene products]
 R GO:0002638 : negative regulation of immunoglobulin production [0 gene products]
 G GO:0002639 : positive regulation of immunoglobulin production [6 gene products]
 R GO:0002637 : regulation of immunoglobulin production [8 gene products]
 P GO:0016445 : somatic diversification of immunoglobulins [84 gene products]
 I GO:0002564 : alternate splicing of immunoglobulin genes [0 gene products]
 I GO:0002206 : gene conversion of immunoglobulin genes [0 gene products]
 I GO:0002570 : somatic diversification of immunoglobulin genes by N region addition [0 gene products]
 I GO:0002208 : somatic diversification of immunoglobulins during immune response [69 gene products]
 I GO:0016446 : somatic hypermutation of immunoglobulin genes [15 gene products]
 I GO:0002205 : somatic hypermutation of immunoglobulin genes during immune response [0 gene products]
 I GO:0016447 : somatic recombination of immunoglobulin gene segments [79 gene products]
 I GO:0002452 : B cell receptor editing [0 gene products]
 I GO:0033152 : immunoglobulin V(D)J recombination [8 gene products]
 P GO:0002570 : somatic diversification of immunoglobulin genes by N region addition [0 gene products]
 I GO:0002204 : somatic recombination of immunoglobulin genes during immune response [69 gene products]
 I GO:0045190 : isotype switching [69 gene products]

R GO:0002701 : negative regulation of production of molecular mediator of immune response [11 gene products]
 G GO:0002702 : positive regulation of production of molecular mediator of immune response [20 gene products]
 R GO:0002700 : regulation of production of molecular mediator of immune response [32 gene products]

Actions...
Last action: Closed
GO:0002381
Graphical View
Reset tree
View in tree browser

Done

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gene or protein name GO term or ID

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Done

AmiGO: Gene Product Search Results - Mozilla Firefox

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branched-chain amino acid transport protein B **RAG** aeruginosa PAO1

<input type="checkbox"/>	RAG	aeruginosa PAO1	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Crag	2 associations	gene from <i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	frag	1 association	gene from <i>Drosophila melanogaster</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rag1	5 associations	gene from <i>Mus musculus</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rag1	8 associations	gene from <i>Rattus norvegicus</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	RAG1	3 associations	protein from <i>Oryza sativa</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	RAG1	3 associations	protein from <i>Homo sapiens</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rag2	9 associations	gene from <i>Mus musculus</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rag2	11 associations	gene from <i>Rattus norvegicus</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	RAG2	3 associations	protein from <i>Oryza sativa</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	RAG2	4 associations	protein from <i>Homo sapiens</i>
<input type="checkbox"/>	ragA	4 associations	gene from <i>Dictyostelium</i>

Done

AmiGO: RAG2 Associations - Mozilla Firefox

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gene association format RDF-XML

Filter associations displayed ?

Filter Associations

Ontology Evidence Code

All All
biological process IC
cellular component IDA
molecular function EXP

Set filters Remove all filters

Select all Clear all Perform an action with the selected terms... Go!

	Accession, Term	Ontology	Qualifier	Evidence	Reference	Assigned by	
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0016445 : somatic diversification of immunoglobulins	84 gene products view in tree	biological process		NAS	UniProtKB:P55895	UniProtKB
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0005634 : nucleus	16803 gene products view in tree	cellular component		NAS	UniProtKB:P55895	UniProtKB
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0003677 : DNA binding	9895 gene products view in tree	molecular function		NAS	UniProtKB:P55895	UniProtKB
<input type="checkbox"/>	GO:0004519 : endonuclease activity	655 gene products view in tree	molecular function		NAS	UniProtKB:P55895	UniProtKB

Select all Clear all Perform an action with the selected terms... Go! Back to top

Done

Dans le domaine de l'immunogénétique

Problèmes et limites de GO:

- Comment se compose le site de reconnaissance d'un anticorps?
- Quels sont les motifs constitutifs importants?
- Comment caractériser précisément des séquences d'IG (.. et des TR): identification, classification des gènes, description, numérotation des acides aminés, obtention ?

Sequence Ontology

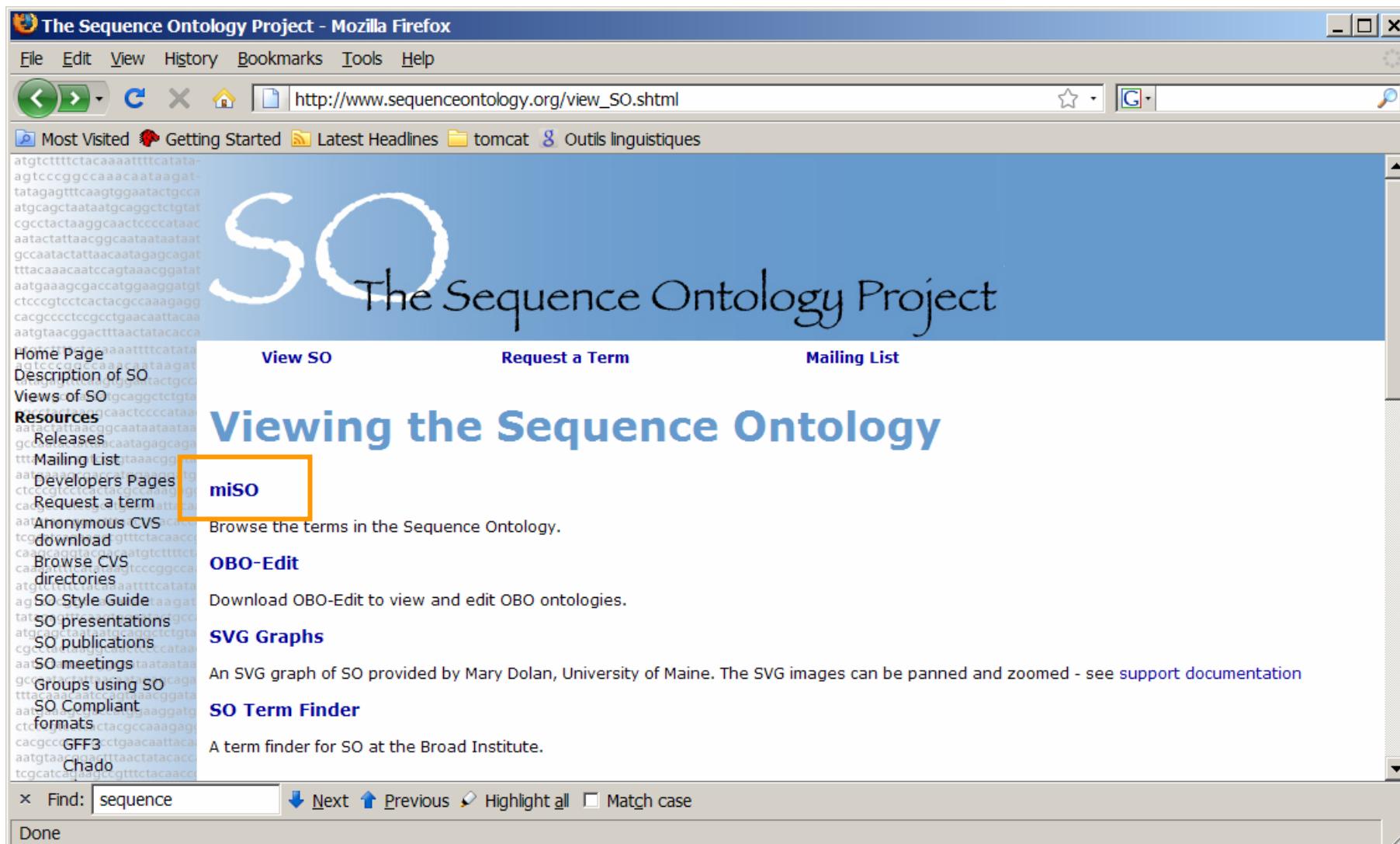
- Vocabulaire contrôlé pour l'annotation des séquences et l'annotation des génomes
- proposer une représentation structurée des annotations
- vocabulaire pour la description des mutations

Sequence Ontology: une ontologie pour décrire les séquences biologiques

The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window with the following details:

- Title Bar:** The Sequence Ontology Project - Mozilla Firefox
- Menu Bar:** File Edit View History Bookmarks Tools Help
- Toolbar:** Back, Forward, Stop, Home, Refresh, Address Bar (http://www.sequenceontology.org/), Favorites, Search (sequence ontology), and a magnifying glass icon.
- Most Visited:** Getting Started, Latest Headlines, tomcat, Outils linguistiques
- Page Content:**
 - Header:** SO The Sequence Ontology Project
 - Navigation Links:** View SO, Request a Term, Mailing List
 - Text:** This is the home page of the Sequence Ontology Project (SO), a joint effort by genome annotation centres, including: WormBase, FlyBase, the Mouse Genome Informatics group, and the Sanger Institute. We are a part of the Gene Ontology Project and the Open Biomedical Ontologies (OBO). Our aim is to develop an ontology suitable for describing biological sequences.
 - Contact:** For questions, please send mail to the SO developers list at song-devel@lists.sourceforge.net
 - News Section:** New Biosapiens protein feature coordinator Sandra Orchard (EBI) will replace Gabby Reeves at the end of July 08. SO release (2.3) Version 2.3 of the Sequence Ontology is released Jan 08. SO software grant awarded August 2007
 - Current SO Ontology files:** A table showing the status of various ontology files:

Ontology	CVS	Summary	Release
SO	so.obo	SO summary	so_2_3
SOFA	sofa.obo	SO summary	sofa_2_3
Cross-products	so-xp.obo	explanation	so_xp_2_3
- Bottom Bar:** Find: sequence, Next, Previous, Highlight all, Match case, Done



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 **miso** sequence ontology term browser

| SO home | Releases | CVS | Mailing List | Trackers |

Browse SO

miso provides a graphical means to browse the terms in the Sequence Ontology. The view is organised via a parent/child approach. The terms are all linked to the SO term tables web page which displays more details such as the relationship types, the definition, the synonyms and the cross references. We have provided the option to search either the latest upload of SO SO from the CVS repository (the cutting edge version), or the latest release of SO (the more stable version).

The latest CVS update of SO

- + [sequence_collection](#)
- + [sequence_variant](#)
- + [sequence_replication_mode](#)
- + [chromosome_variation](#)
- + [sequence_feature](#)
- + [sequence_attribute](#)
- + [sequence_operation](#)
- + [mutation](#)
- + [relationships](#)

The most recent SO release

- [Sequence_Ontology](#)
 - + [chromosome_variation](#)
 - + [genome](#)
 - + [mutation](#)
 - + [operation](#)
 - + [replication_mode](#)
 - + [sequence_attribute](#)
 - + [sequence_feature](#)
 - + [sequence_variant](#)
- + [relationships](#) 

created from: ontology/archives/SO_current.obo
format-version: 1.2
date: 30/01/2008 17:03
saved-by: karenneilbeck
default-namespace: sequence
remark: autogenerated-by: DAG-Edit version
1.417\nsaved-by: eilbeck\ndate: Tue May 11
15:18:44 PDT 2004\nversion: \$Revision: 1.45 \$

File created on Mon Sep 8 12:12:39 2008

Done

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 miSO sequence ontology term browser

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sequence_alteration
sequence_variant
relationships
position_of
sequence_of
derives_from
associated_with
member_of
variant_of
has_quality
genome_of
adjacent_to
part_of
similar_to
has_part
has_origin

part_of

part_of	part_of 
Definition: undefined	
Aspect: root	
DBxref:	
Synonyms:	
Parent relationships:	Child relationships:

File created on Mon Sep 8 12:12:42 2008

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region

- CpG_island
- QTL
- + assembly
- + assembly_component
- + binding_site
- + cap
- + chromosome
- + chromosome_part
- + consensus_region
- + conserved_region
- + deletion
- + engineered_region
- + flanking_region
- + gene
- + gene_component_region
- + gene_group
 - + gene
 - allele
 - + engineered_gene
 - + epigenetically_modified_gene
 - + foreign_gene
 - + fusion_gene
 - + gene_cassette
 - + gene_component_region

gene_group

gene_group	SO:0005855
------------	------------

Definition: A collection of related genes.

Aspect: sequence_feature

DBxref: SO:ma

Synonyms:

Parent relationships: gene_group is_a region

Child relationships:

- gene_subarray is_a gene_group
- operon is_a gene_group
- gene_cassette_array is_a gene_group
- gene_group_regulatory_region member_of gene_group
- regulon is_a gene_group
- gene_array is_a gene_group
- gene_member_of gene_group

File created on Mon Sep 8 12:12:52 2008

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sequence_feature

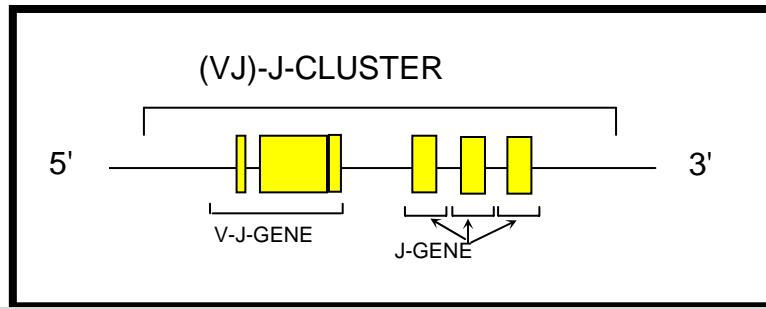
- junction
- region
 - CpG_island
 - QTL
 - + assembly
 - + assembly_component
 - + binding_site
 - + cap
 - + chromosome
 - + chromosome_part
 - + consensus_region
 - + conserved_region
 - deletion
 - + engineered_region
 - + flanking_region
 - + gene
 - + gene_component_region
 - gene_group
 - gene
 - allele
 - + engineered_gene
 - + epigenetically_modified_gene
 - + foreign_gene
 - + fusion_gene
 - + gene_cassette
 - + gene_component_region
 - gene_member_region
 - + regulatory_region

allele

allele	SO:0001023 
Definition: An allele is one of a set of coexisting sequence variants of a gene.	
Aspect: sequence_feature	
DBxref: SO:immuno_workshop	
Synonyms:	
Parent relationships:	
allele is_a sequence_variant	Child relationships:
allele variant_of gene	

File created on Mon Sep 8 12:13:11 2008

Done



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miSO sequence ontology term browser

| SO home | Releases | CVS | Mailing List | Trackers |

V J C cluster
V J cluster
V cluster
vertebrate immunoglobulin T cell receptor rearrangement
DJ C cluster
DJ J C cluster
DJ J cluster
D DJ C cluster
D DJ J C cluster
D DJ J cluster
D DJ cluster
VDJ C cluster
VDJ J C cluster
VDJ J cluster
VJ C cluster
VJ J C cluster
VJ J cluster
V DJ C cluster
V DJ J C cluster
V DJ J cluster
V DJ cluster

VJ_J_cluster

VJ_J_cluster SO:0000491

Definition: Genomic DNA of immunoglobulin/T-cell receptor gene in rearranged configuration including at least one VJ-gene and one J-gene.

Aspect: sequence feature

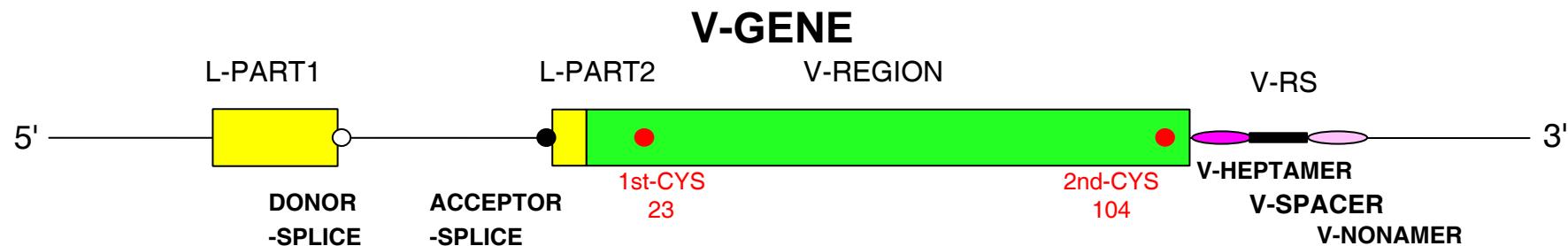
DBxref: URL: <http://imgt.cines.fr/ligmdb/LIGMlect?query=7> **IMGT**

Synonyms: [(VJ)-J-CLUSTER]

Parent relationships:
VJ_J_cluster is_a vertebrate_immunoglobulin_T_cell_receptor_rearranged_gene_cluster

Child relationships:
VJ_gene
part_of
VJ_J_cluster
J_gene
part_of
VJ_J_cluster

Done



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mISO sequence ontology term browser

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- macronucleus destined segment
- specific recombination site
- recombination feature of rearranged gene
- vertebrate immune system gene recombination
- recombinationally rearranged vertebrate immune system gene recombination
- vertebrate immune system gene recombination
- D gene recombination feature
- J gene recombination feature
- V gene recombination feature**
- heptamer of recombination feature of vertebrate immune system gene recombination
- nonamer of recombination feature of vertebrate immune system gene recombination
- vertebrate immune system gene recombination
- vertebrate immunoglobulin T cell receptor gene recombination
- site specific recombination target region

remark

repeat component

repeat region

tron

V_gene_recombination_feature

V_gene_recombination_feature	SO:0000538
Definition: Recombination signal including V-heptamer, V-spacer and V-nonamer in 3' of V-region of a V-gene or V-sequence of an immunoglobulin/T-cell receptor gene.	
Aspect: sequence feature	
DBxref: URL: http://imgt.cines.fr/ligmdb/LIGMlect?query=7	
IMGT	
Synonyms: [V-RS]	
Child relationships:	
V_spacer_part_of	
V_gene_recombination_feature	
V_nonamer_part_of	
V_gene_recombination_feature	
V_heptamer_part_of	
V_gene_recombination_feature	

Parent relationships:

V_gene_recombination_feature is_a vertebrate immune system gene recombination signal feature

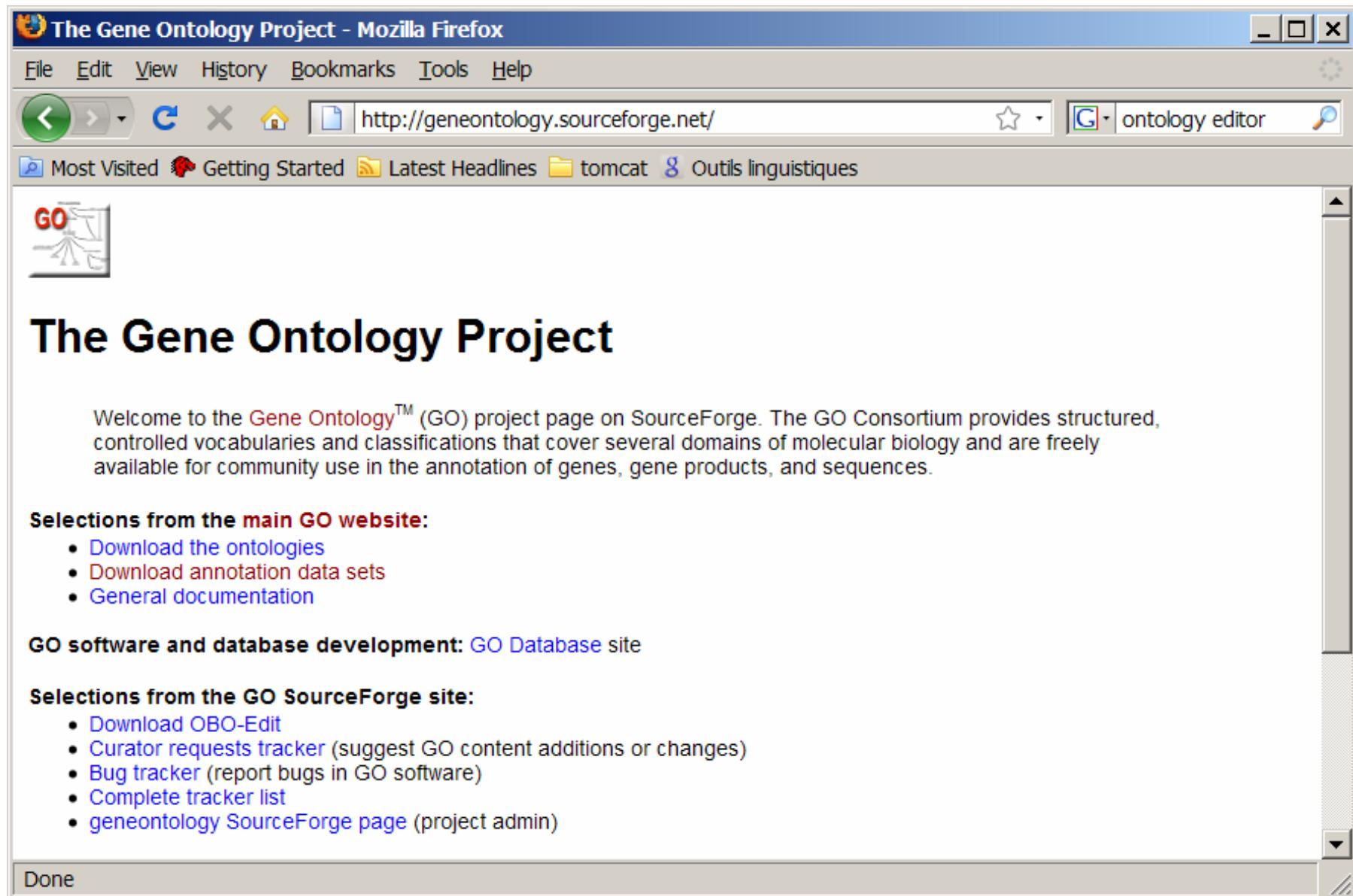
Done

Dans le domaine de l'immunogénétique

Limites de SO:

- Il est nécessaire de prendre en compte d'autres informations:
type de gènes, type de chaînes, ...
- Il faut des relations plus précises que « part_of » et « adjacent_to » entre les motifs
- Comment caractériser précisément des séquences d'IG(.. et des TR): identification, classification des gènes, description, numérotation des acides aminés, obtention ?
=> nécessité d'une ontologie spécifique

Exemple d'éditeur d'ontologie: OBO-Edit (GO, SO, ...)



The screenshot shows a Mozilla Firefox browser window with the title "The Gene Ontology Project - Mozilla Firefox". The address bar displays the URL <http://geneontology.sourceforge.net/>. The page content is the main landing page of the Gene Ontology Project, featuring the GO logo, a brief welcome message, sections for software and database development, and links for selecting ontologies and annotation data sets.

The Gene Ontology Project

Welcome to the Gene Ontology™ (GO) project page on SourceForge. The GO Consortium provides structured, controlled vocabularies and classifications that cover several domains of molecular biology and are freely available for community use in the annotation of genes, gene products, and sequences.

Selections from the main GO website:

- Download the ontologies
- Download annotation data sets
- General documentation

GO software and database development: [GO Database site](#)

Selections from the GO SourceForge site:

- Download OBO-Edit
- Curator requests tracker (suggest GO content additions or changes)
- Bug tracker (report bugs in GO software)
- Complete tracker list
- geneontology SourceForge page (project admin)

Done

Exemple d'éditeur d'ontologie: Protégé

The Protégé Ontology Editor and Knowledge Acquisition System - Mozilla Firefox

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http://protege.stanford.edu/ protege editor

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 **protégé**

HOME | OVERVIEW | DOCUMENTATION | DOWNLOADS | SUPPORT | COMMUNITY | WIKI | ABOUT US

welcome to protégé

news

22nd Aug. 2008
Protégé 4.0 goes beta!
(more details)
(download)

Protégé is a free, open source ontology editor and knowledge-base framework.

The Protégé platform supports two main ways of modeling ontologies via the Protégé-Frames and Protégé-OWL editors. Protégé ontologies can be exported into a variety of formats including RDF(S), OWL, and XML Schema. (more)

Protégé is based on Java, is extensible, and provides a plug-and-play environment that makes it a flexible base for rapid prototyping and application development. (more)

Protégé is supported by a strong community of developers and academic, government and corporate users, who are using Protégé for knowledge solutions in areas as diverse as biomedicine, intelligence gathering, and corporate modeling.

community

Registered Users	104,744
protege-users list members	17,246
protege-discussion list members	3,572

go to protégé-frames

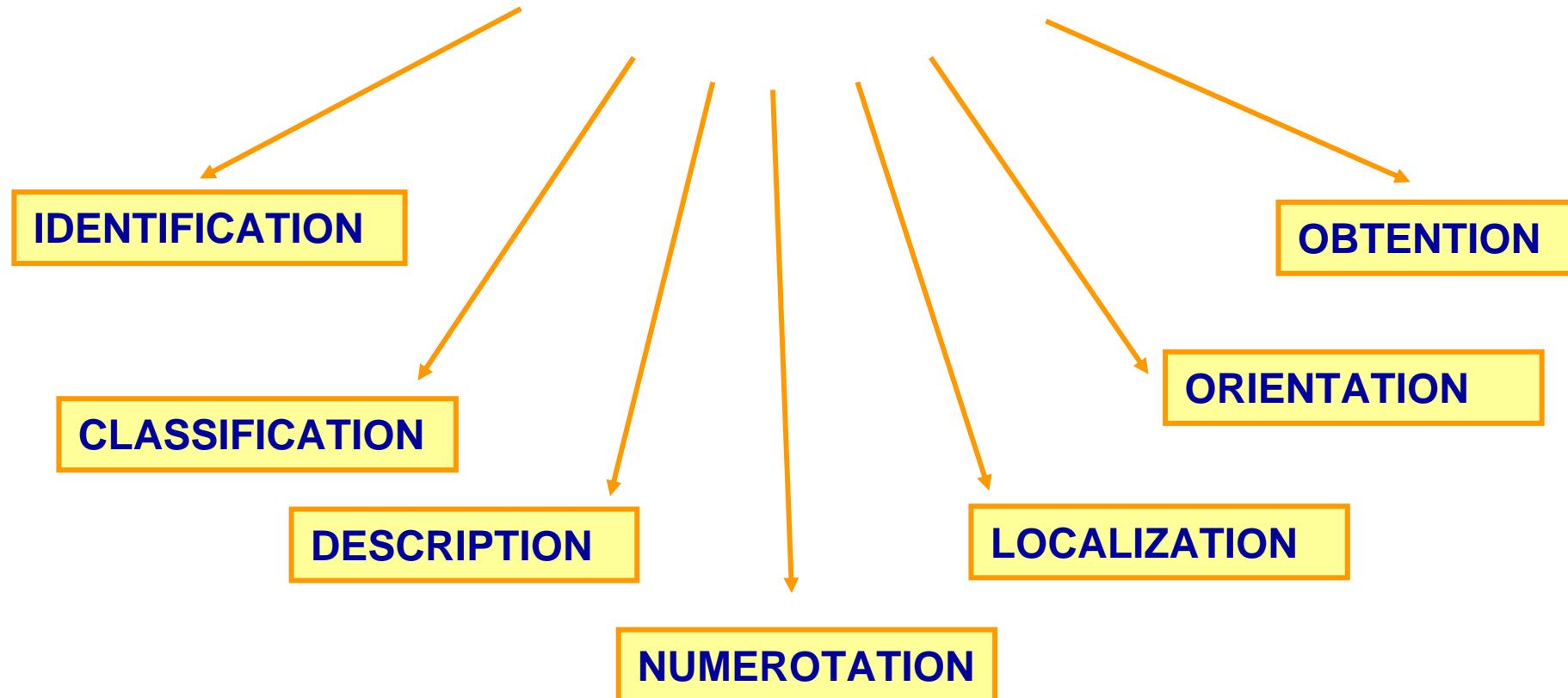
Done



IMGT-ONTOLOGY

Pour standardiser, partager, réutiliser et représenter
les connaissances en immunogénétique

IMGT-ONTOLOGY repose sur 7 axiomes:



IMGT-ONTOLOGY



<http://imgt.cines.fr>

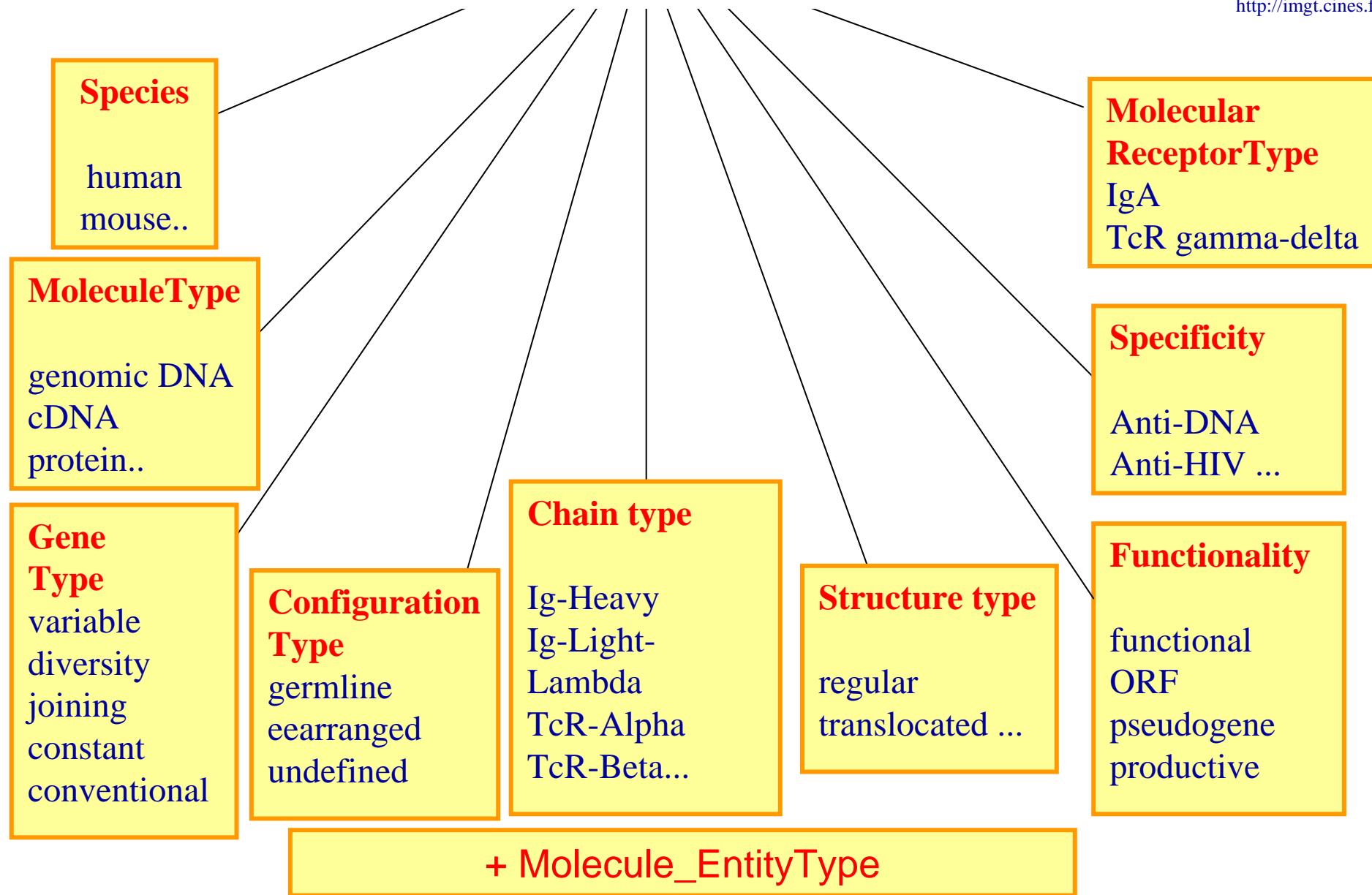
IMGT Scientific chart :

IMGT-ONTOLOGY en *langage naturel* pour les biologistes

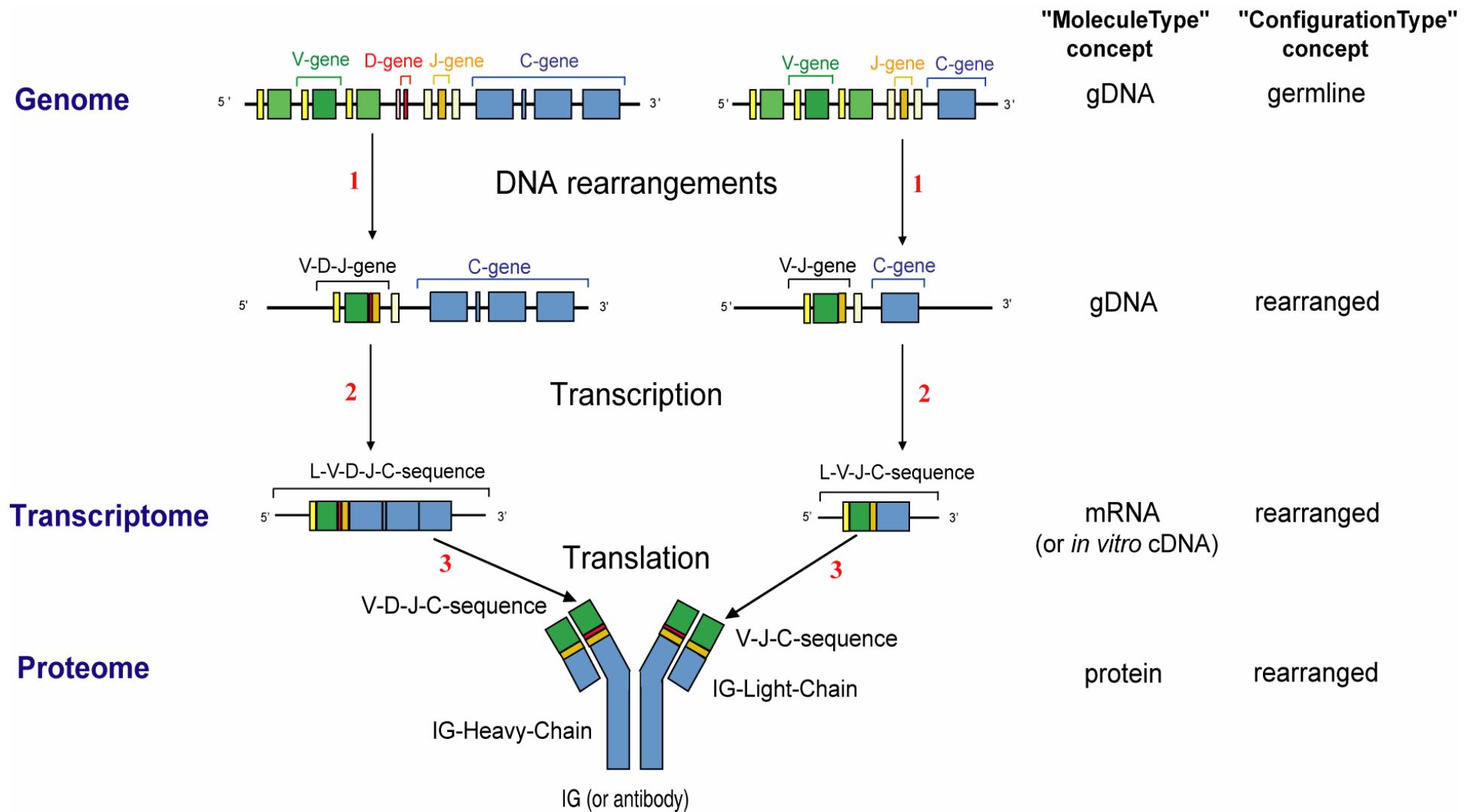
<http://imgt.cines.fr/textes/IMGTScientificChart/>

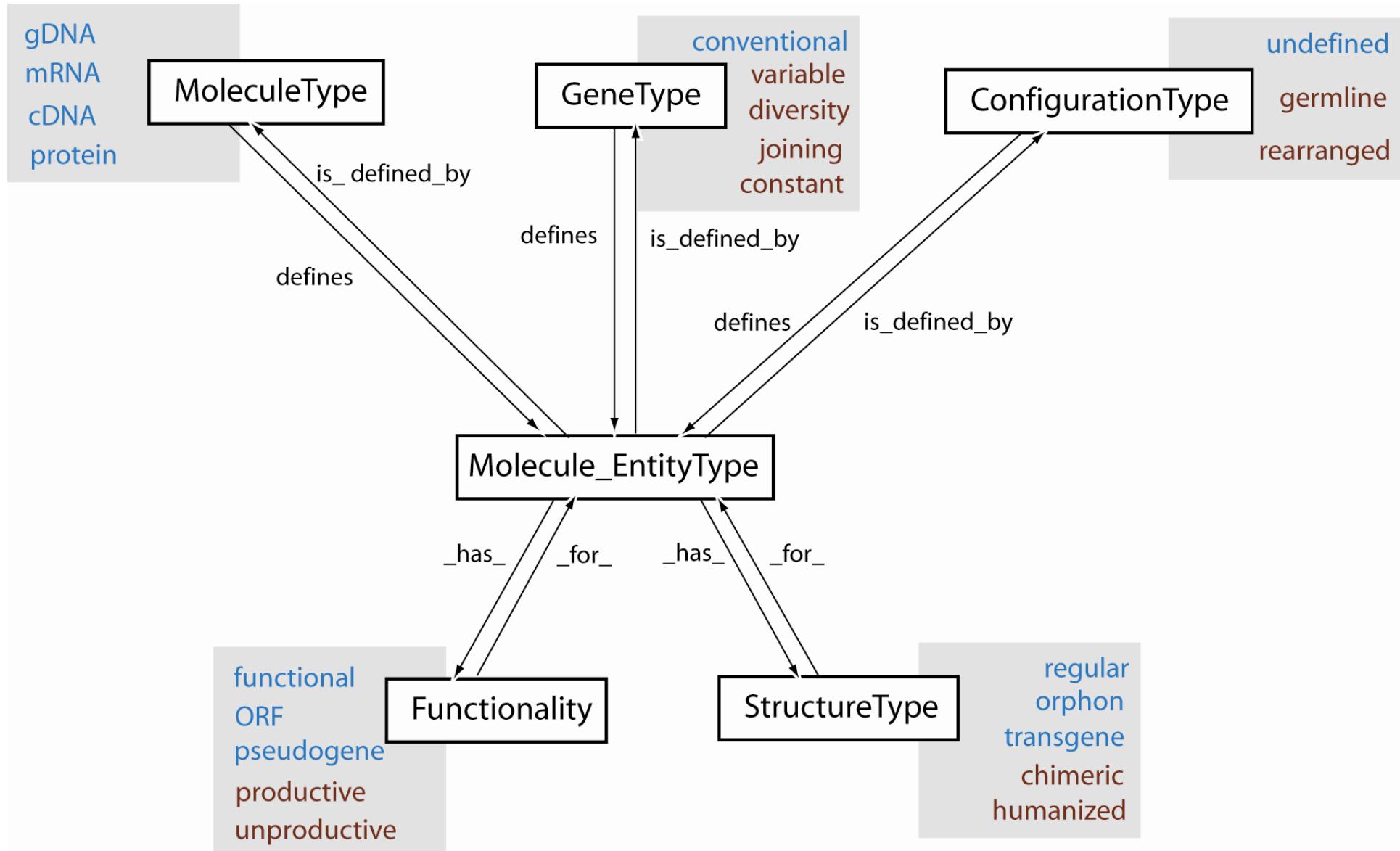
En cours : édition avec Protégé
pour faciliter la représentation et le partage
(agents humains et logiciels)

"IDENTIFICATION"



Synthèse des immunoglobulines





IMGT FLAT-FILE

ID L39956 IMGT/LIGM annotation : automatic; RNA; HUM; 375 BP.

XX

AC L39956;

XX

DT 28-SEP-2001 (Rel. 200139-5, arrived in LIGM-DB)

DT 13-NOV-2001 (Rel. 200146-2, Last updated, Version 2)

XX

DE Homo sapiens monospecific anti-ssDNA antibody heavy chain variable region
mRNA, complementarity determining regions 1-3 and framework regions 1-4.

DE ;

DE RNA; rearranged configuration; Ig-Heavy; regular; functionality
productive; group IGHV; subgroup HV3; specificity anti-DNA single-stranded
(ss) [human].

XX

KW antigen receptor; immunoglobulin superfamily; IG; IG-Heavy; variable;
KW diversity; joining; hybridoma; immunoglobulin; cDNA; undefined;
KW rearranged; L-V-D-J-C-sequence; partner.

XX

OS Homo sapiens (human)

OC cellular organisms; Eukaryota; Fungi/Metazoa group; Metazoa; Eumetazoa;
OC Bilateria; Coelomata; Deuterostomia; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata;
OC Gnathostomata; Teleostomi; Euteleostomi; Sarcopterygii; Tetrapoda;
OC Amniota; Mammalia; Theria; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates;
OC Haplorrhini; Simiiformes; Catarrhini; Hominoidea; Hominidae;
OC Homo/Pan/Gorilla group; Homo.

XX

RN [1]

RP 1-375

RX MEDLINE; 96195158.

RA Mitamura K., Suenaga R., Wilson K.B., Abdou N.I.;

RT "V gene sequences of human anti-ssDNA antibodies secreted by lupus-derived

RT CD5-negative B cell hybridomas";

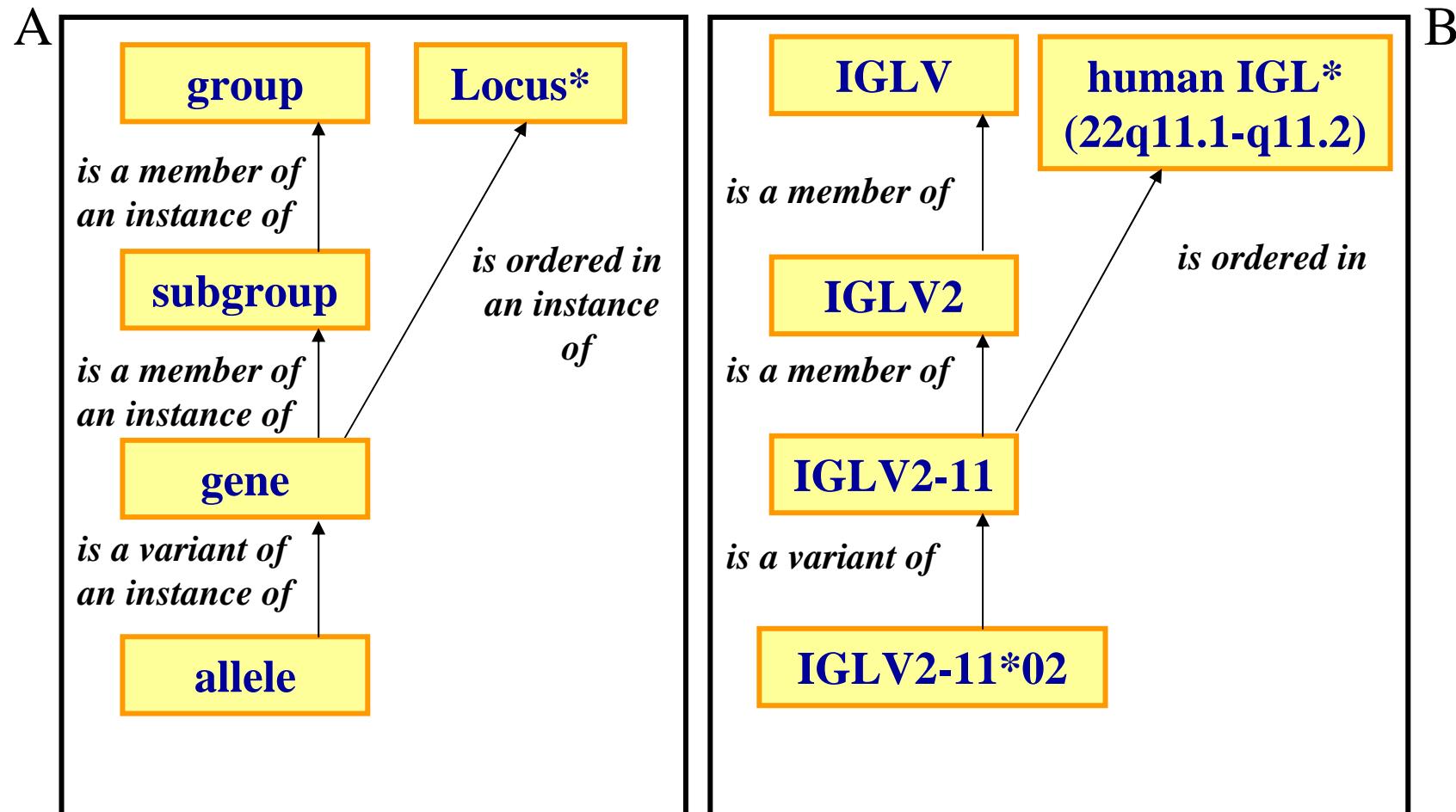
RL Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol. 78(2):152-160(1996).

XX

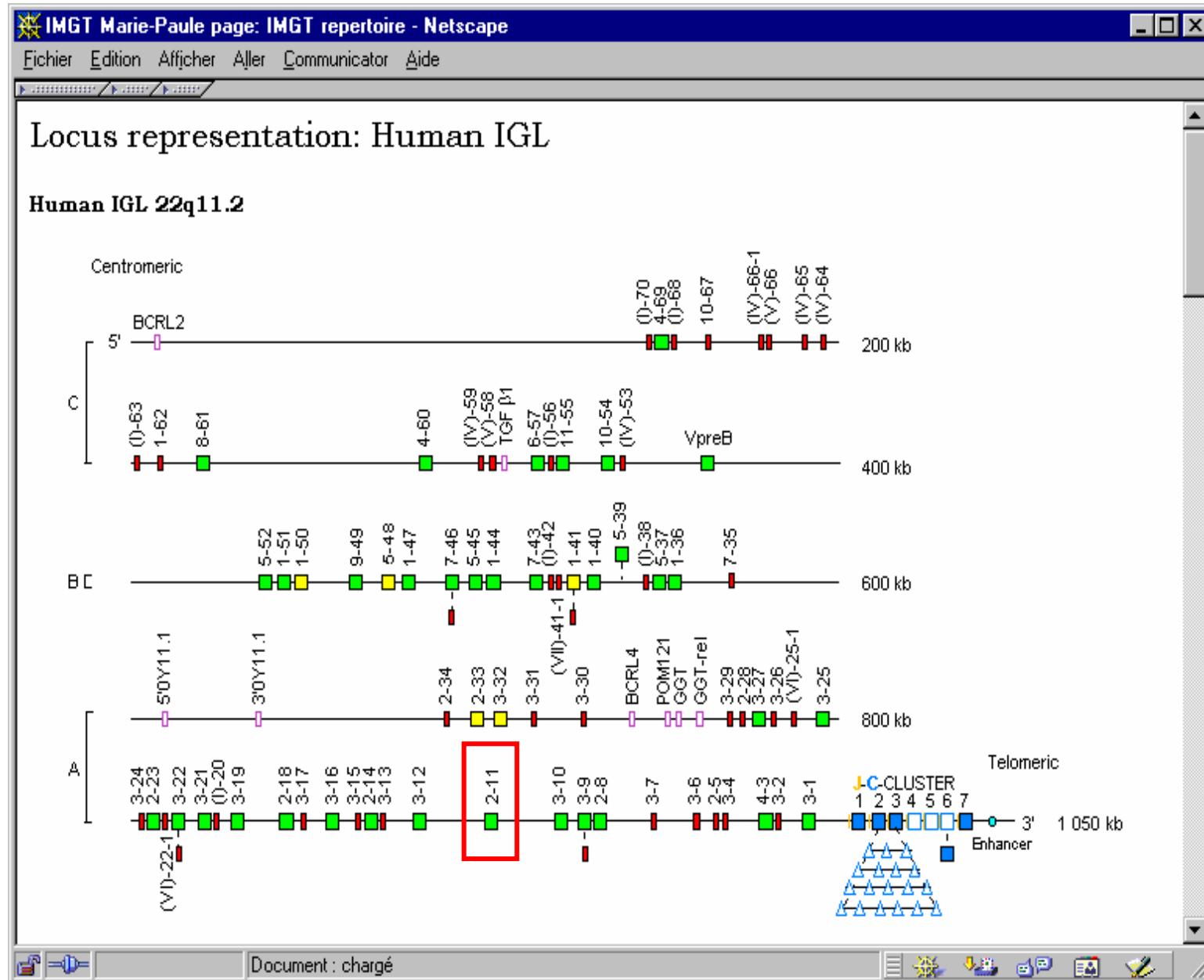
DR IMGT/LIGM:partner; L39957;

DR EMBL; L39956.

"CLASSIFICATION"



* Axiom localization



Entrez Gene: IGLV2-11 immunoglobulin lambda variable 2-11 [Homo sapiens] - Mozilla Firefox

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NCBI Entrez Gene

Search Gene for IGLV2-11 Go Clear Save Search

Limits Preview/Index History Clipboard Details

Display Full Report Show 20 Sort by Relevance Send to

All: 1 Current Only: 1 Genes Genomes: 1 SNP GeneView: 0

□ 1: IGLV2-11 immunoglobulin lambda variable 2-11 [Homo sapiens] GeneID: 28816 updated 28-Aug-2008

Summary

Official Symbol IGLV2-11 provided by HGNC

Official Full Name immunoglobulin lambda variable 2-11 provided by HGNC

Primary source HGNC:5007

See related IMGT/GENE-DB:IGLV2-11

Gene type other

RefSeq status REVIEWED

Organism Homo sapiens

Lineage Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo

Also known as V1-3; IGLV211

Done

My NCBI [Sign In] [Register]

Entrez Gene Home

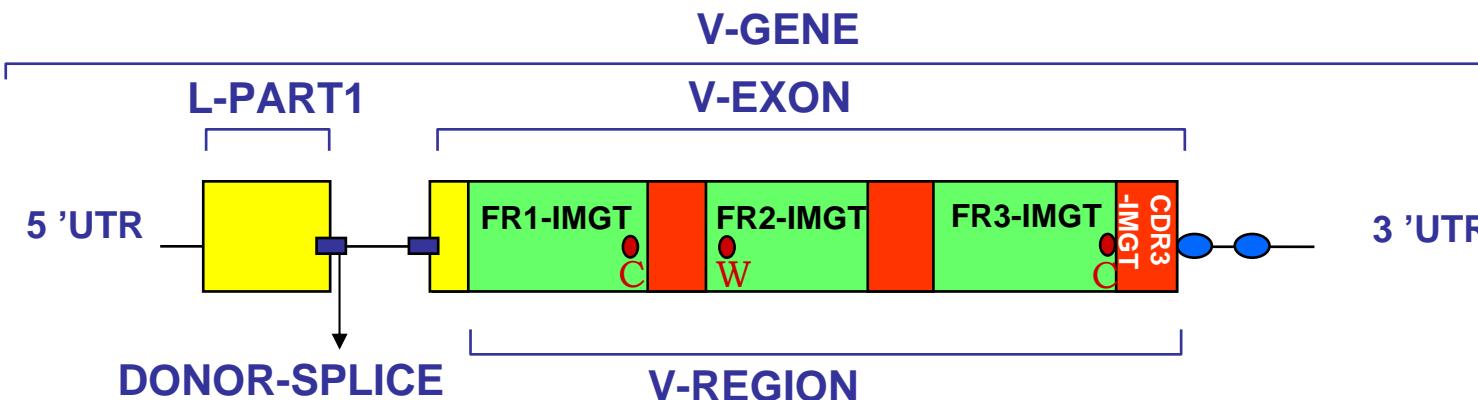
Table Of Contents

Summary
Genomic regions, transcripts...
Genomic context
Bibliography
General gene information
Reference Sequences
Related Sequences
Additional Links

Links Explain

Conserved Domains
Genome
GEO Profiles
Map Viewer
Nucleotide
Protein
PubMed
SNP: Genotype

"DESCRIPTION"



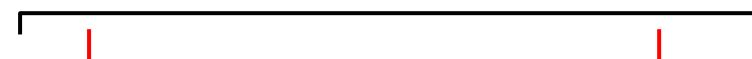
Label 1

V-GENE

Label

V-EXON

Label relations



FR3-IMGT

CDR3-IMGT



L-PART1

DONOR-SPLICE



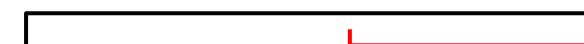
V-REGION

FR1-IMGT

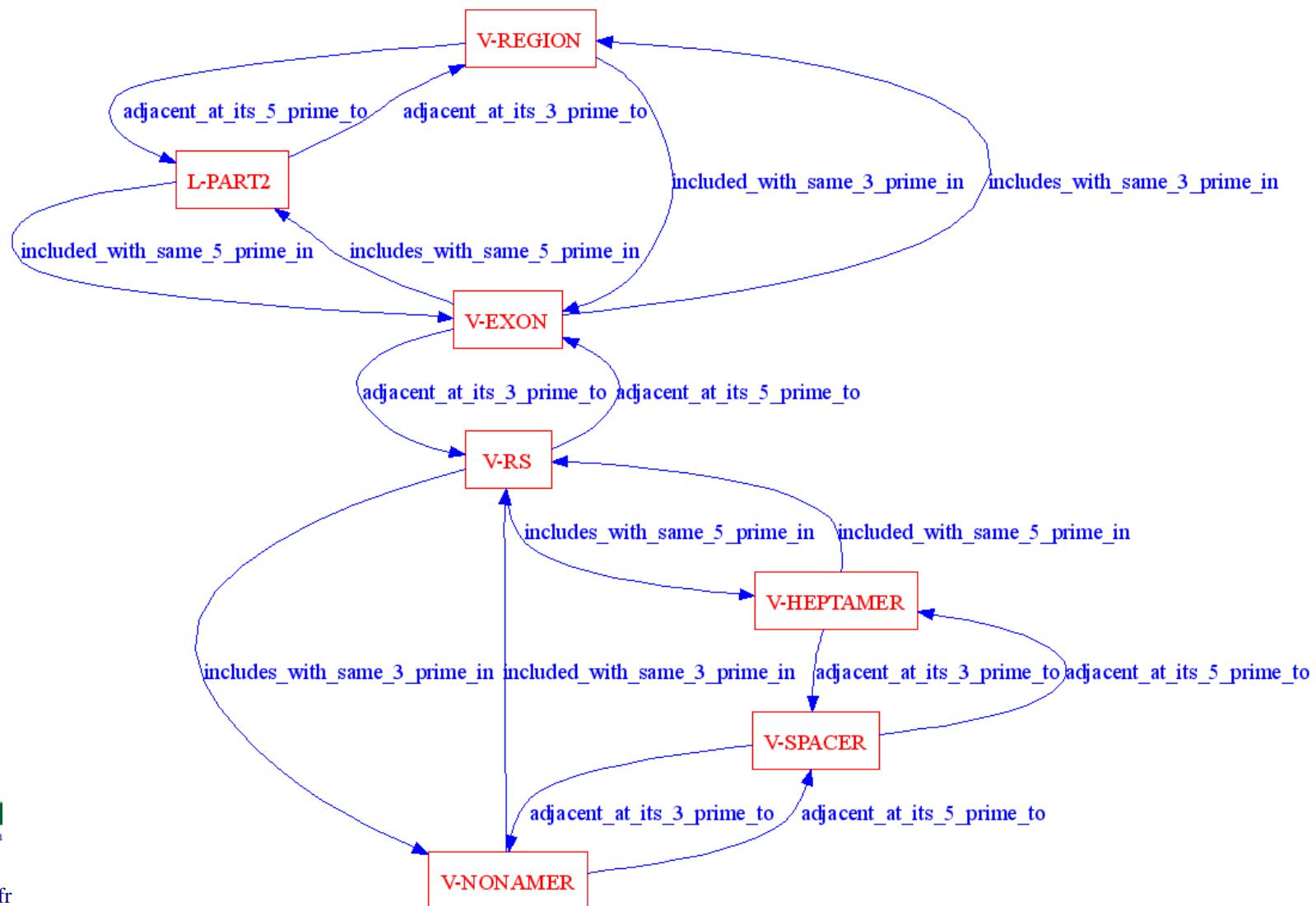
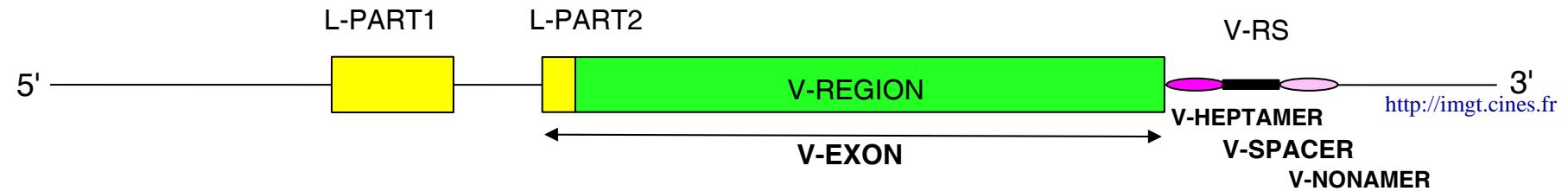


V-REGION

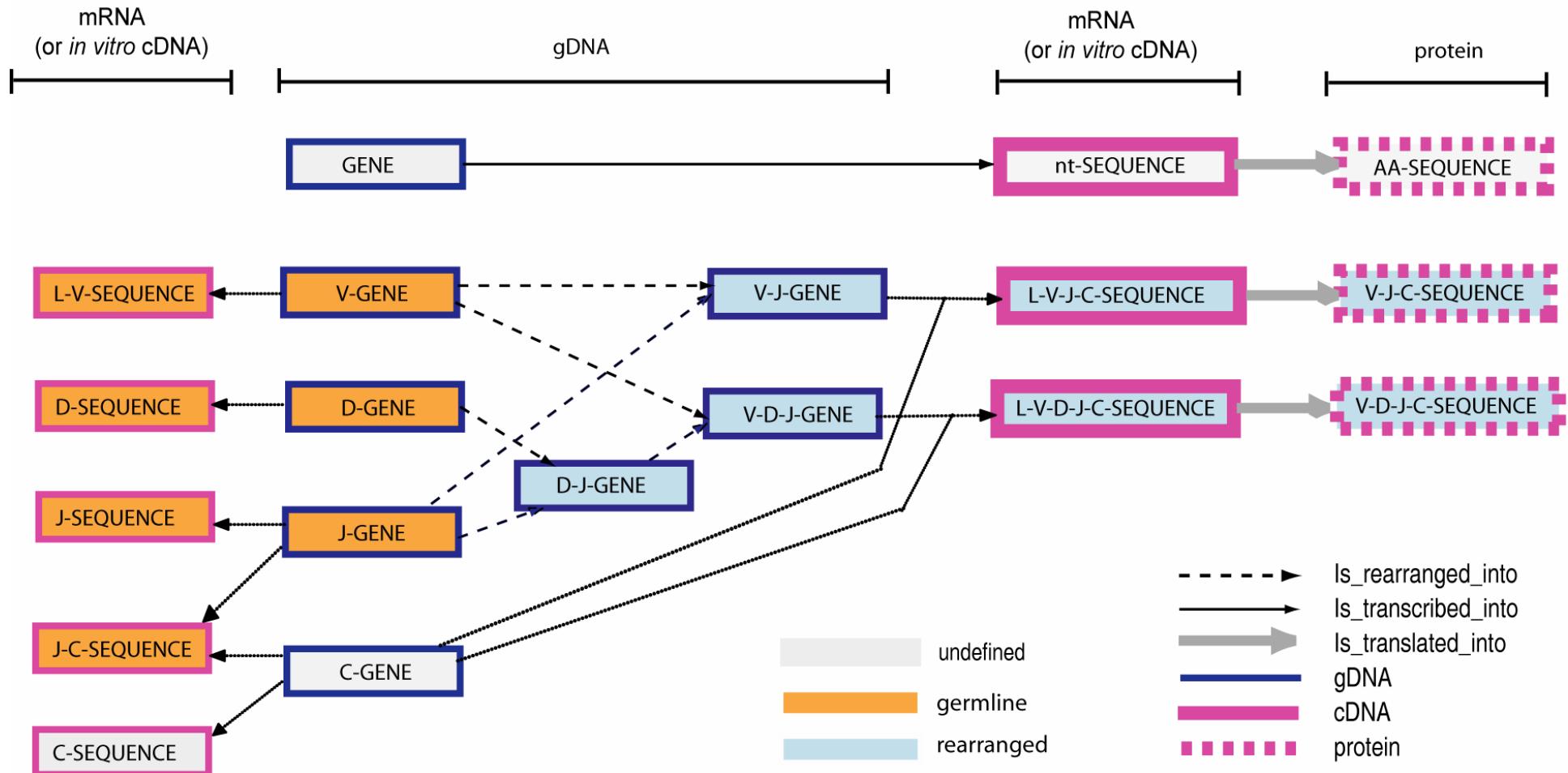
CDR3-IMGT



V-GENE



Molecule_EntityPrototype



IMGT/LIGM-DB Consultation module v3 - Netscape

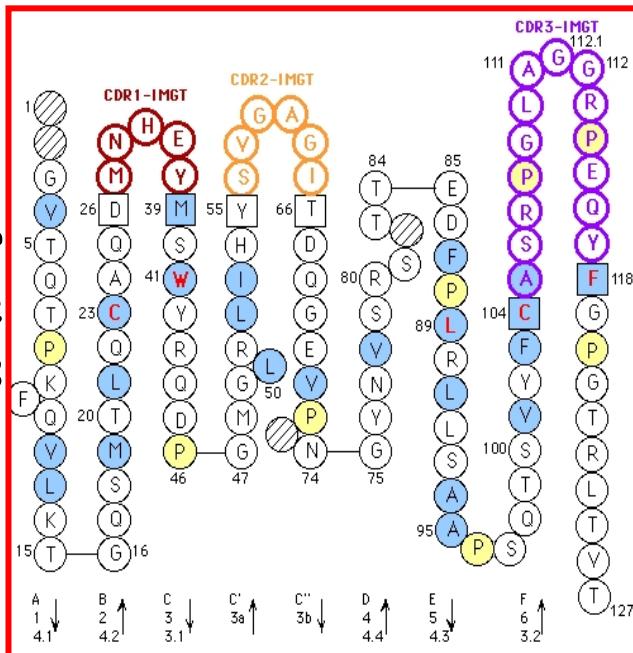
Fichier Edition Afficher Aller Communicator Aide

Signets Adresse : <http://ligm.igh.cnrs.fr:8104/cgi-bin/IMGTlect.jv> Infos connexes N

FT V-GENE <1..297>
FT /partial
FT /clone_lib="chromosome 22 specific cosmid library"
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FT /organism="Homo sapiens"
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FT 1st-CYS 64..66
FT CDR1-IMGT 76..102
FT /AA_IMGT="27 to 35"
FT /translation="SSDVG^GYNY"
FT FR2-IMGT 103..153
FT /AA_IMGT="39 to 55"
FT /translation="V^SW^YQQHPGKAPKLM^IY"
FT CONSERVED-TRP 109..111
FT CDR2-IMGT 154..162
FT /AA_IMGT="56 to 58"
FT /translation="DVS"
FT FR3-IMGT 163..270
FT /AA_IMGT="66 to 104, AA 73, 81, 82 missing"
FT /translation="KRPSGV^DRFSGSKSGNTASLTISGLQAED^EADYYC"
FT 2nd-CYS 268..270
FT CDR3-IMGT 271..297
FT /AA_IMGT="105 to 113"
FT /translation="CSYAGSYTF"
XX
SQ Sequence 297 BP; 60 A; 93 C; 71 G; 73 T; 0 other;
cagtcgtggccc tgactctagcc tcgcgtcgatg tccgggtctc ctggacagtc agtcaccatc 60
tccttcaactt caaccacacat tgatattaaat aattataact atatctccctt ataccaacac 120

"NUMEROTATION"

Collier
De
Perles



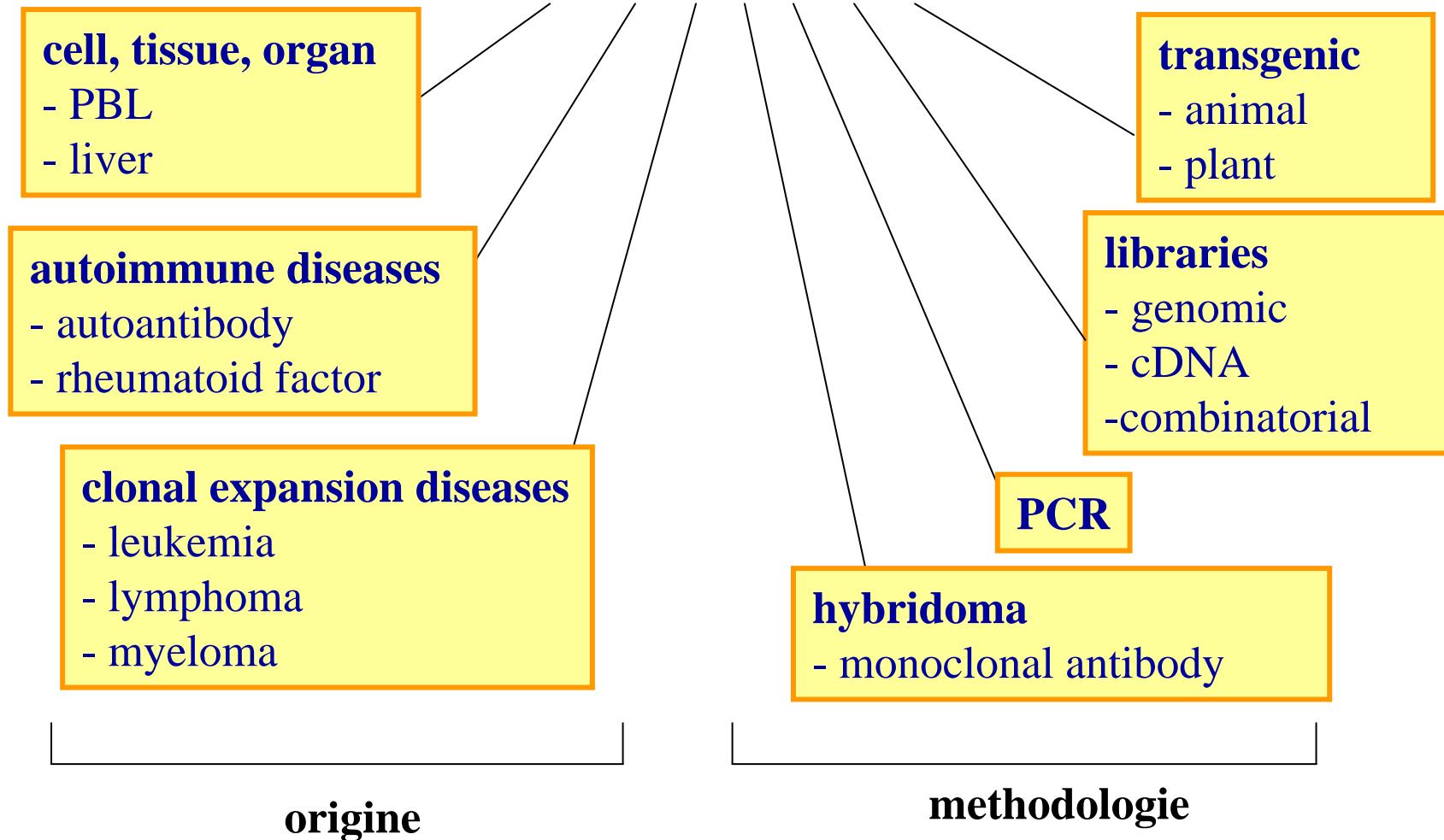
CDR1-IMGT	CDR2-IMGT	CDR3-IMGT
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 A Q S V T Q L D S V P F E R P V E GCG CAG TCT GTC ACC CAG CTT GAC AGC CAR GTC CCT GTC TTT GAA GAA GCC CCT GTG GAG	21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 L R C H Y S S S V S V Y L F CTG AGG TGC ACG TAC TCA TCG TCT GTT TCA GTC TAT ... CTG TTC	41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 W Y V O Y P N 0 6 L L K Y L S 6 S TGG TAT GTC CRA TAC CCC ARC CRA GGA CTC CTC CTC AGG TAT TTA TCA GGA TCC
X02850 ,TRAV8-6*01 AE000659,TRAV8-6*02 M86361 ,TRAV8-6*02	X02850 ,TRAV8-6*01 AE000659,TRAV8-6*02 M86361 ,TRAV8-6*02	X02850 ,TRAV8-6*01 AE000659,TRAV8-6*02 M86361 ,TRAV8-6*02
61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 T L V E S I H ACC CTG ... GTT GAA AGC ATC ARC ... K G 6GT TTT GAG	81 82 83 84 84 84 84 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100 SCT GAA TTT AAC AGG AGT CRA ACT TCC TTC GAC TTG AGA ACC TCA GTC CAT XTA AGC AGC AGC OCT	101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 E Y F C R V S GAG TAC TTC TGT GCT GTC AGT GA
X02850 ,TRAV8-6*01 AE000659,TRAV8-6*02 M86361 ,TRAV8-6*02	X02850 ,TRAV8-6*01 AE000659,TRAV8-6*02 M86361 ,TRAV8-6*02	X02850 ,TRAV8-6*01 AE000659,TRAV8-6*02 M86361 ,TRAV8-6*02

Alignment
of alleles

TRAV gene	FR1-IMGT (1-26)	CDR1-IMGT (27-38)	FR2-IMGT (39-55)	CDR2-IMGT (56-65)	FR3-IMGT (66-104)	CDR3-IMGT (105-115)
AE000658, TRAV1-1	GQSLEQ. PSEVTAVEGAIIVQINCTYQ	TSGFYC.....	LWSYQQHDGGAPITFLSY	NALDG.....	LEETG.....	RFSSFLRSRSDSYGYLLLQELQMKSASFYC AVR.....
AE000658, TRAV1-2	GQNIDQ. PTIEMTATEGAIIVQINCTYQ	TSGFNG.....	LFWYQQHAGEAPITFLSY	NVLDG.....	LEEKG.....	RFSSFLRSRSGYSYLLKELQMKSASFYC AVR.....
AE000658, TRAV2	KDQVFQ. PSTVASSEGAVVIEFCNHS	VSNAYN.....	FFWYLHFPGCAPRLLVK	GSK.....	PSQOG.....	RYNMTYER. FSSSLLILQVREADAAVYYC AVE.....
AE000658, TRAV3	AQSVAQPEDQVNVAEGNPLTVKCTYS	VSGNPY.....	LFWYVQYPNRGLQFLKL	YTGDNL.....	VKGSY.....	GFEAEFNKSQTFSFLKKPSALVSDSALYFC AVR.....
AE000658, TRAV4	LAKITQ. PISMDISYEQEVNITCSH	NIAITNDY.....	IIWYQQPSPSQGPFRFIQ	GYKT.....	KVTNE.....	VASLFIPIADRKSTSLSLRVSLSDTAVYYC LVGD.....
AE000659, TRAV5	GEDVEQS. LFLSVREGDSSVINCTYI	DSSSTY.....	LYWYKQEPGAGLQLLLT	IFSNMD.....	MKQDQ.....	RLTVLLNKDKHLSLRIADTQTCGDSAIYFC AES.....
AE000659, TRAV6	SQKIEQNSSEALNIQEKGKATLTCTNYT	NYSPAY.....	LQWYRQDPGRGPVFLLL	IRENFK.....	EKRKE.....	RLKVTFDITLKQSLFHITASQPADSATYLC ALD.....
AE000659, TRAV7	ENQVEHSPHFLGPQQGDVASMCTYS	VSRFNN.....	LQWYRQNTGMGPKHLLS	MYSAGY.....	EKQKG.....	RLNATLLK. NGSSLYITAVQPEDSATYFC AVD.....
AE000659, TRAV8-1	AQSVSQHNHHVILSEAASLGLCNYS	YGGTVN.....	LFWYVQYPQGQLQLLLK	YFGSDPL.....	VKGIK.....	GFEAEFKSFMLRKPSVQWSDTAEYFC AVN.....
AE000659, TRAV8-2	AQSVTQLDSHVSVSECTPVLLRCNYS	SSYSPS.....	LFWYVQHPNKGQLQLLLK	YTSAAVL.....	VKGIN.....	GFEAEFKKSETSFHLTKPSAHMSDAAEYFC VVS.....
AE000659, TRAV8-3	AQSVTQPDIHITVSEGASLRLCNYS	YGATPY.....	LFWYVQSPGQQLQLLLK	YFGSDTL.....	VQGIK.....	GFEAEFKRSQSSFNLRKPSVHWSDAAEYFC AVG.....
AE000659, TRAV8-4	AQSVTOLGSHVSVSECALVLLRCNYS	SSVPPY.....	LFWYVQYPNQQLQLLLK	YTSAAVL.....	VKGIN.....	GFEAEFKKSETSFHLTKPSAHMSDAAEYFC AVS.....
X02850 ,TRAV8-6	AQSVTQLDSQPVFEEAPVELRCNYS	SSVSVY.....	LFWYVQYPNQQLQLLLK	YLSGSI.....	VESIN.....	GFEAEFNKSQTFSFLKKPSVHISDTAEYFC AVS.....
AE000660, TRAV8-7	TQSVTQLDGHITVSEAPLEKCNYS	YSGVP.....	LFWYVQYSSQSLQLLLK	DLTEATQ.....	VKGIR.....	GFEAEFKKSETSFYLRKPSVHSDAAEYFC AVGDR.....
AE000659 TRAV9-1	GDSVWQTEGQWLPSFGDSLWMCYF	TTQVPS.....	LFWYVQYQVPSLQLLLK	AMKAND.....	KGRNK.....	GFEAFMVRKETTSFLKELKDSWOFSDSAVYFC ALS.....

Protein
Display

"OBTENTION"



The "OBTENTION" concepts specify the origin and methodology

"ORIENTATION"

IMGT Repertoire (RPI) - Mozilla Firefox

Fichier Edition Affichage Aller à Marque-pages Outils ?

IMGT

Gene	Chromosomal localization	Gene orientation on chromosome	Gene in locus			Gene in sequence			
			Locus	Positions	Orientation	IMGT/LIGM-DB accession number	IMGT labels	Positions	Orientation
IGKC_C-REGION	2q11.2	REV	IGK			W00567	C-REGION	334..663	sense
IGKJ6	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1714417..AP001215		J00242	J-RS+J-REGION	1536..1612	sense
IGKJ4	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1714102..AP001215		J00242	J-RS+J-REGION	1221..1297	sense
IGKJ3	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1713760..AP001215		J00242	J-RS+J-REGION	880..955	sense
IGKJ2	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1713455..AP001215		J00242	J-RS+J-REGION	573..660	sense
IGKJ1	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1713093..AP001215		J00242	J-RS+J-REGION	212..288	sense
IGKV4-1	2q11.2	FWD	IGK	1689406..AP001211		ZD0023	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	98..709	sense
IGKV5-2	2q11.2	FWD	IGK	1677682..AP001211		X02485	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	304..822	sense
IGKV7-3	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1659929..AP001211		X12682	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	683..1281	sense
IGKV2-4	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1643349..AP001240		X72814	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	569..1296	sense
IGKV1-5	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1627697..AP001241		ZD0001	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	297..802	sense
IGKV1-6	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1608734..AP001230		M64858	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	131..637	sense
IGKV3-7	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1596528..AP001230		X02725	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	134..680	sense
IGKV1-8	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1582588..AP001209		KD2097	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	960..1427	sense
IGKV1-9	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1566034..AP001209		KD2096	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	691..1168	sense
IGKV2-10	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1555022..AP001209		ZD0012	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	121..814	sense
IGKV3-11	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1547845..AP001231		X01668	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	134..677	sense
IGKV1-12	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1534792..AP001231		W01577	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	1170..1674	sense
IGKV1-13	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1529026..AP001231		KD2093	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	427..903	sense
IGKV2-14	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1496996..AP001228		X72810	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON	191..956	sense
IGKV3-15	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1489840..AP001228		M23090	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	676..1219	sense
IGKV1-16	2q11.2	REV	IGK	1475162..AP001243		J00248	L-PART1+V-INTRON+V-EXON+V-RS	131..636	sense

Rechercher : Occurrence suivante Occurrence précédente Surligner tout Respecter la casse

Annotation and IMGT-ONTOLOGY concepts

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IMGT/LIGM-DB Consultation module v3 - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help

ID AY998750 IMGT/LIGM annotation : automatic; mRNA; HUM; 366 BP.

XX

AC AY998750;

XX

DT 25-MAY-2005 (Rel. 200521-3, arrived in LIGM-DB)

DT 25-AUG-2005 (Rel. 200534-4, Last updated, Version 3)

XX

DE Homo sapiens isolate 4H immunoglobulin heavy chain variable region (IGHV1)

DE mRNA; IGHV1-2#04 allele; partial cds .

DE mRNA; rearranged configuration; Ig-Heavy; regular; functionality productive; group IGHV; subgroup HV1.

XX

KW antigen receptor; immunoglobulin superfamily; Ig; Ig-Heavy; variable; diversity; joining; immunoglobulin.

XX

OS Homo sapiens (human)

OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; OC Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

XX

RN [1]

RP 1-366

RX PUBMED; 15706403.

RA Stamatopoulos K., Belessi C., Papadaki T., Kalagiakou E., Stavroyianni N.,

RA Douka V., Afendaki S., Saloum R., Parasi A., Anagnostou D., Laoutaris N.,

RA Fassas A., Anagnostopoulos A.;

RT "Immunoglobulin Heavy- And Light-chain Repertoire in Splenic Marginal Zone

RT Lymphoma";

RL (er) Mol. Med. (2005) In press

XX

RN [2]

RP 1-366

RA Stamatopoulos K., Belessi C., Papadaki T., Kalagiakou E., Stavroyianni N.,

RA Douka V., Afendaki S., Saloum R., Parasi A., Anagnostou D., Laoutaris N.,

RA Fassas A., Anagnostopoulos A.;

RT ;

RL Submitted (30-MAR-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

RL Hematology Department and HCT Unit, Papanikolaou General Hospital,

RL Thessaloniki 57010, Greece

XX

DR EMBL; AY998750.

XX

FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FH

FT L-V-D-J-C-SEQUENCE <1..366>

Annotation and IMGT-ONTOLOGY concepts

DESCRIPTION

IMGT/LIGM-DB Consultation module v3 - Mozilla Firefox

File Edit View Go Bookmarks Tools Help

FH Key Location/Qualifiers

FH

FT L-V-D-J-C-SEQUENCE <1..366>
/partial
/db_xref="taxon:9606"
/cell_type="B-cell"
/isolate="4H"
/tissue_type="spleen from splenic marginal zone lymphoma"
/organism="Homo sapiens"

FT V-D-J-REGION <1..366>
/partial
/protein_id="AAX93843.1"
/translation="SGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFSGYYIHWRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPNSGGTNYAQKFQGWVTMTRDTSISTVYMELSLRSDDTTIFGVLMGRENUFWDPWQGQGLTVTSS"

FT V-REGION <1..276>
/partial
/allele="IGHV1-2*04, putative"
/gene="IGHV1-2"
/cnp_length="18..21"
/putative_limit="3' side"
/translation="SGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKASGYTFSGYYIHWRQAPGQGLEWMGWINPNSGGTNYAQKFQGWVTMTRDTSISTVYMELSLRSDDTTIFGVLMGRENUFWDPWQGQGLTVTSS"

FT FR1-IMGT <1..57>
/partial
/AA_IMGT="7 to 26, AA 10 is missing"
/translation="SGAEVKKPGASVKVSCKAS"

FT 1st-CYS 46..49

FT CDR1-IMGT 58..81
/AA_IMGT="27 to 34"
/translation="GYTFSGYY"

FT FR2-IMGT 82..132
/AA_IMGT="39 to 55"
/translation="IHWVRQAPGQGLEWMGW"

FT CONSERVED-TRP 88..90

FT CDR2-IMGT 133..156
/AA_IMGT="56 to 63"
/translation="INPNSGGT"

FT FR3-IMGT 157..270
/AA_IMGT="66 to 104, AA 73 is missing"
/translation="NYAQKFQGWVTMTRDTSISTVYMELSLRSDDTAVYYC"

OBTENTION

CLASSIFICATION

NUMEROTATION

Les atouts de IMGT-ONTOLOGY

1 - Pour les utilisateurs:

- Définir un vocabulaire précis et spécifique du domaine qui permette de décrire en détail toutes les caractéristiques des IG et des TR
- Proposer ce vocabulaire standardisé comme critères de sélection dans la base

Les atouts de IMGT-ONTOLOGY

2 - Pour les annotateurs du laboratoire:

- Faciliter la communication au sein de l'équipe
- Faciliter la formation du nouveau personnel
- Etablir les règles d'annotation qui expriment les dépendances entre les termes du vocabulaire

Les atouts de IMGT-ONTOLOGY

3 - Automatisation des procédures:

- Alléger le travail des annotateurs
- Développer des outil d'annotation

Les atouts de IMGT-ONTOLOGY



<http://imgt.cines.fr>

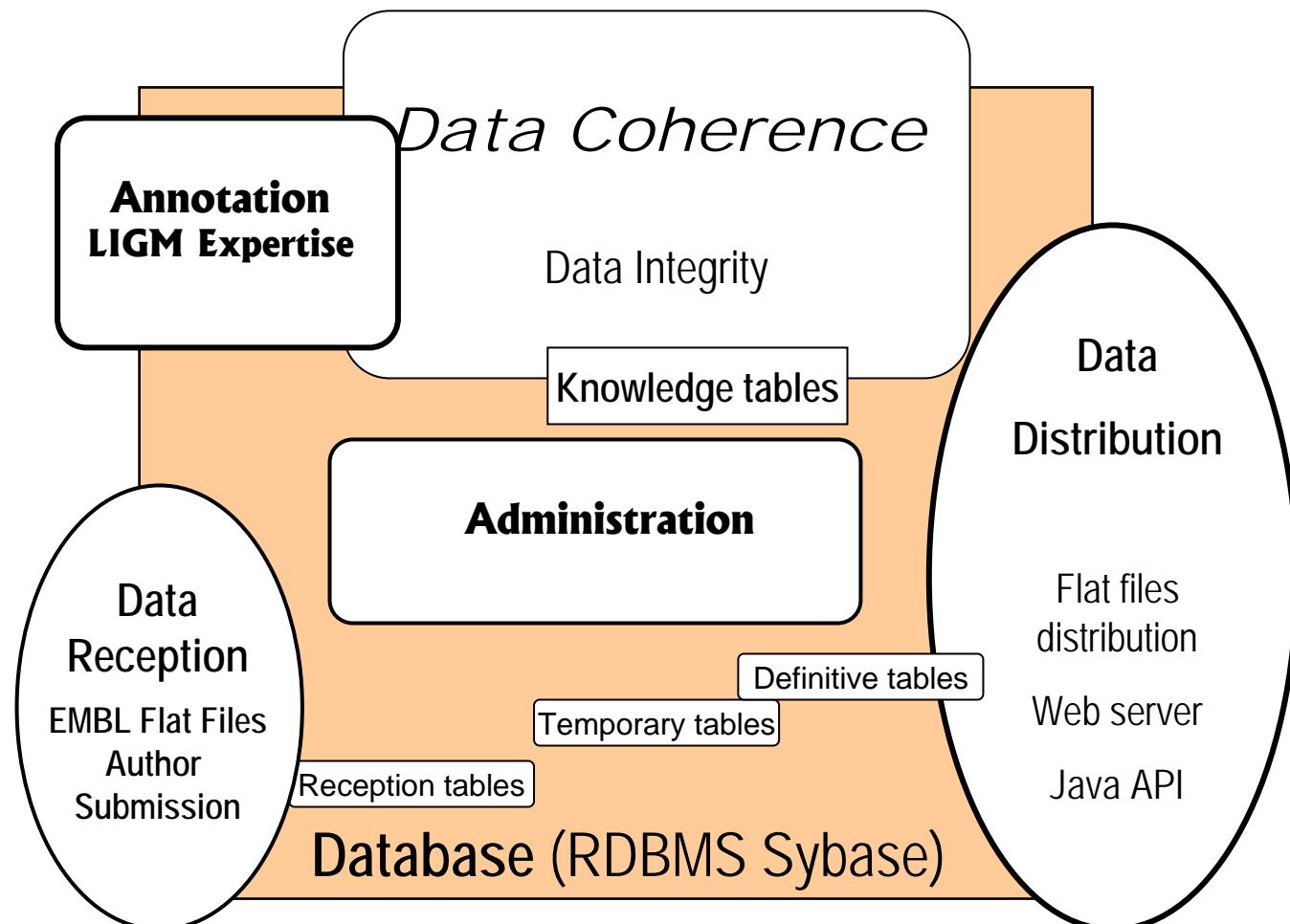
4 - Intégration des nouvelles connaissances en immunogénétique

- Modifier les règles existantes
- Appliquer les modifications aux données préexistantes

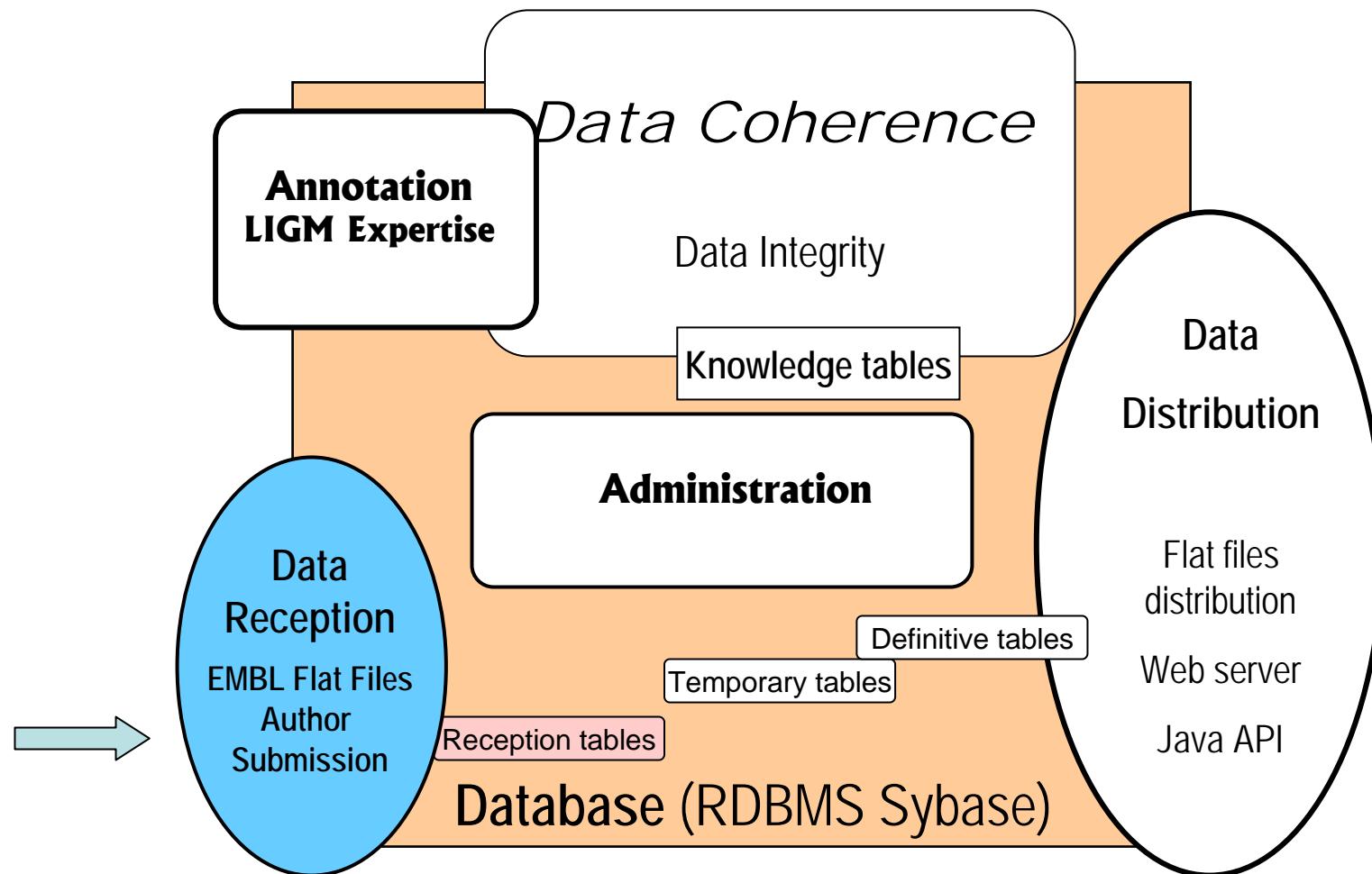
Administration et contrôle de données dans un système d'information: exemple de IMGT/LIGM-DB

- 1- *Coordination des flux des données de différentes sources dans la base: comment gérer l'entrée des séquences (700 arrivées par semaine) , des annotations et leur distribution?*
- 2- *Gestion des accès aux données: qui annote les séquences, quelles informations peuvent être consultées, extraites et modifiées, et par qui?*

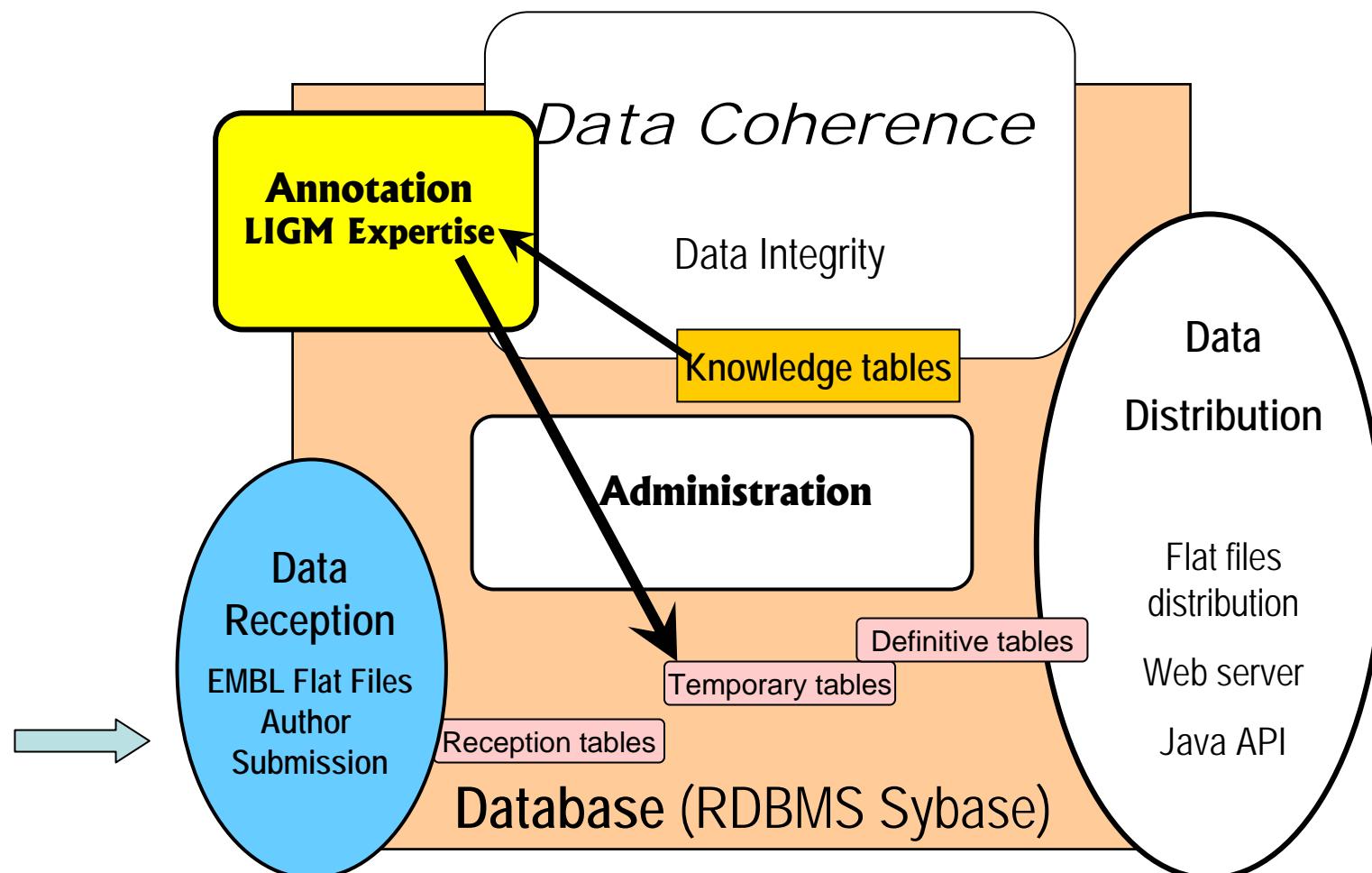
1- Coordination des flux de données



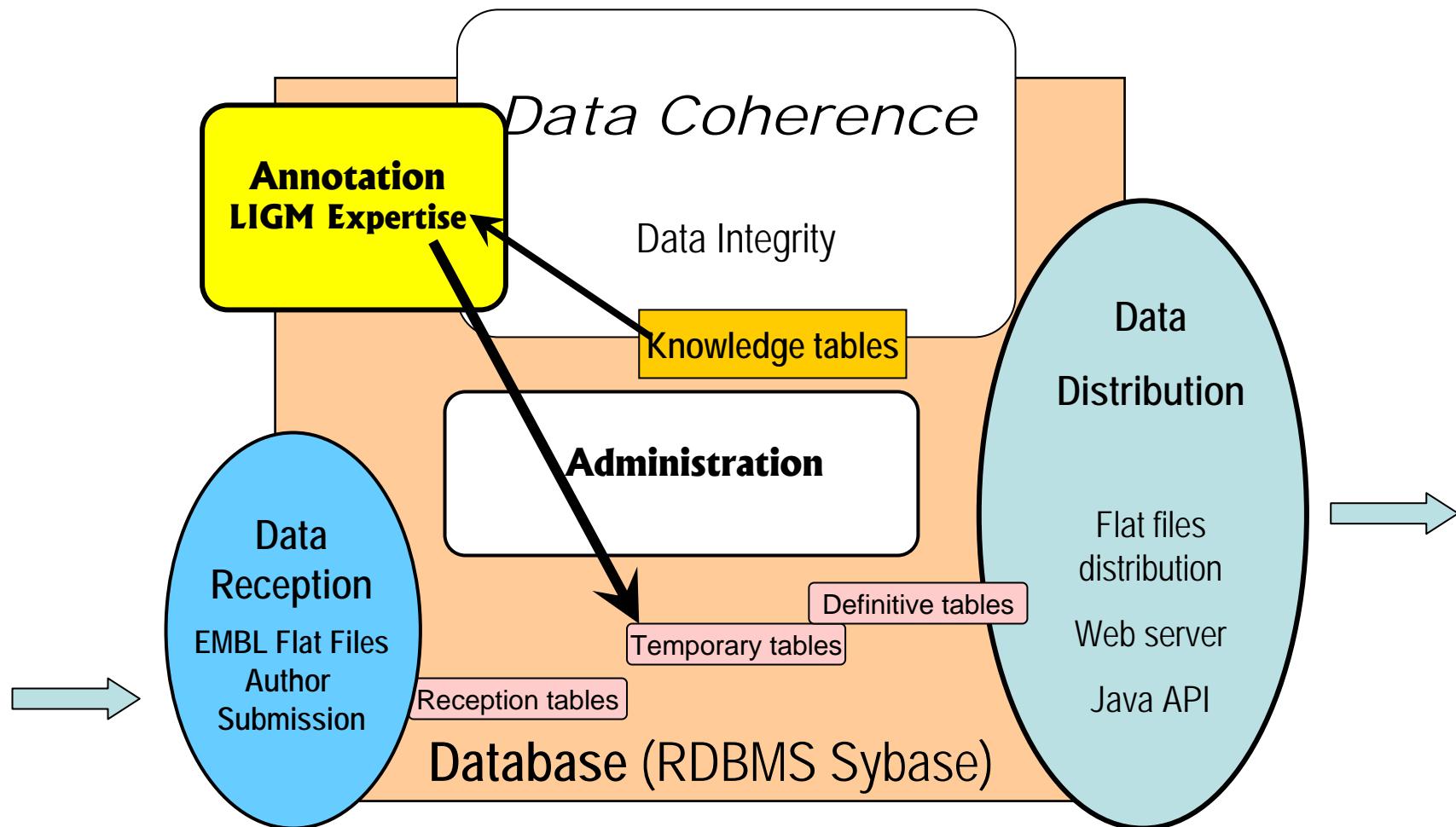
1- Coordination des flux de données



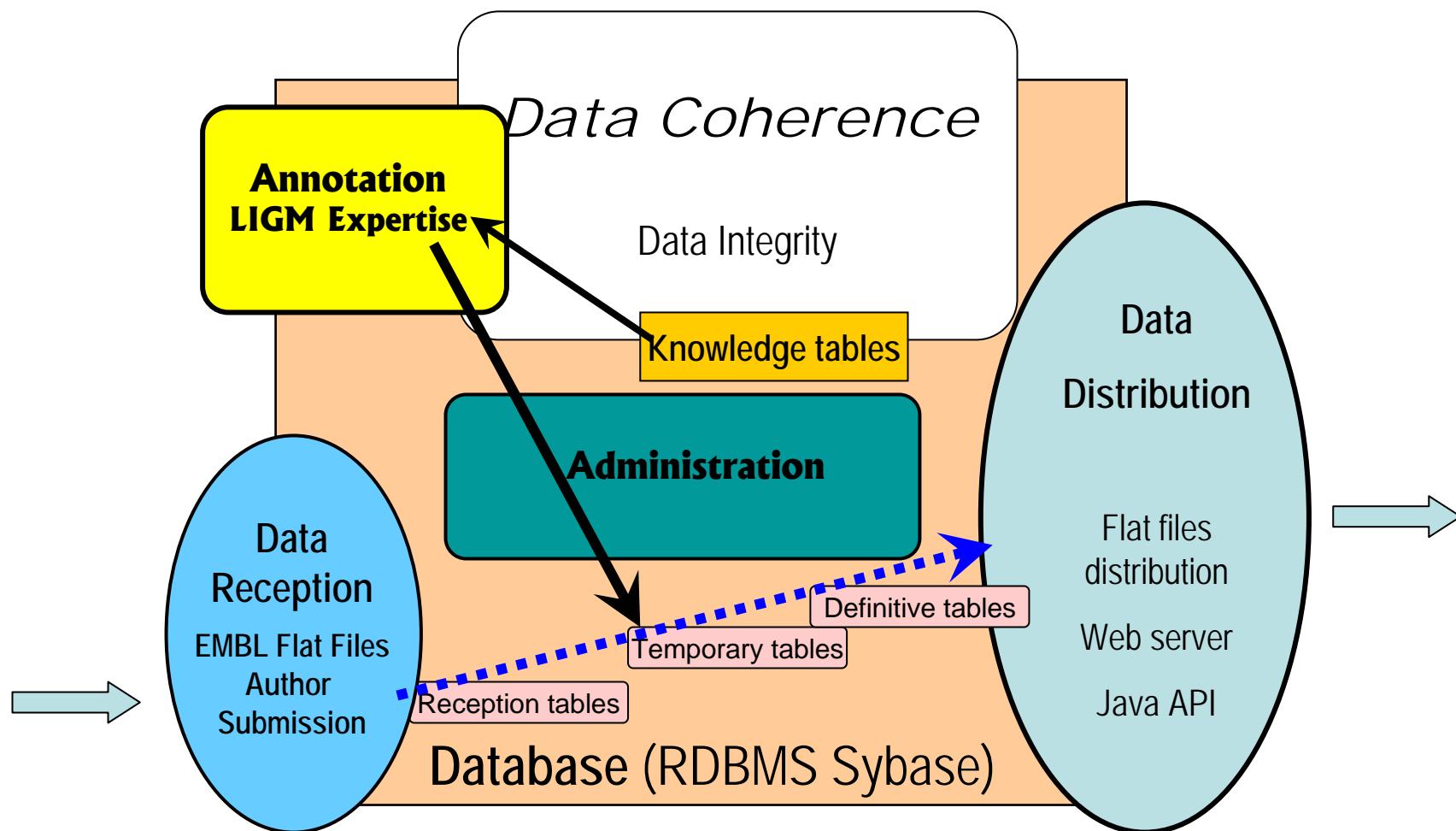
1- Coordination des flux de données



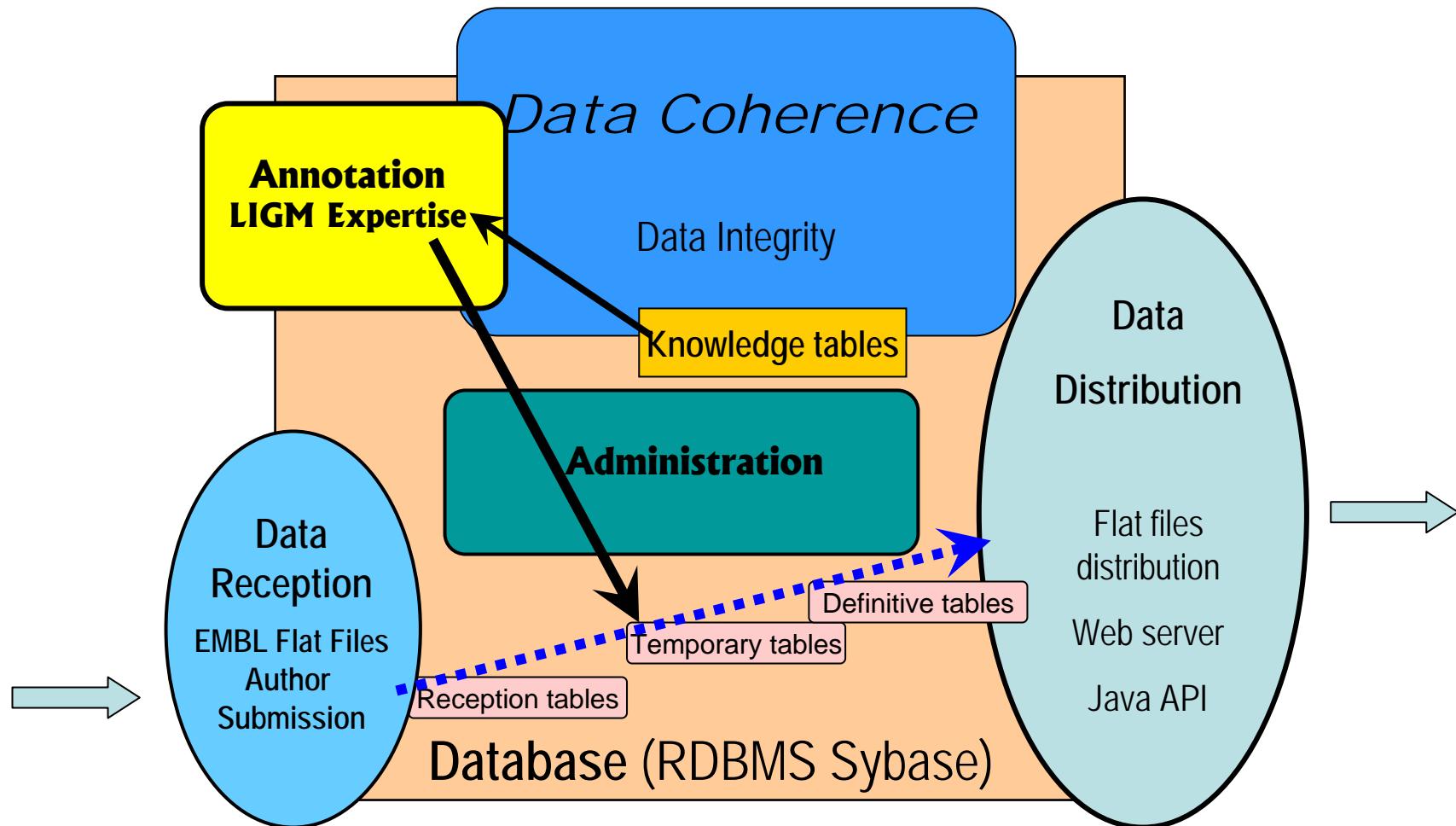
1- Coordination des flux de données



1- Coordination des flux de données



1- Coordination des flux de données



2 - Gestion accès aux données

		Evénements		
		Arrivée d'une nouvelle entrée	Arrivée d'une mise à jour	Annotation d'une entrée existante
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Etat avant traitement	-	VALIDED	
	Traitements			
<i>Tables de réception</i>	Réception	NEW	UPDATED	
	Chargement	IMPORTED		
<i>Tables temporaires</i>	Prise en charge par un annotateur	IMPORTED (locked)		
		NEWREADY		
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Enregistrement dans les tables opérationnelles		VALIDED	

(locked) : indique que l'entrée est prise en charge par un annotateur

		Evénements		
		Arrivée d'une nouvelle entrée	Arrivée d'une mise à jour	Annotation d'une entrée existante
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Etat avant traitement	-	VALIDED	
	Traitements			
<i>Tables de réception</i>	Réception	NEW	UPDATED → UPDQUOTE	
	Chargement	IMPORTED		
<i>Tables temporaires</i>	Prise en charge par un annotateur	IMPORTED (locked)		
		NEWREADY	UPDREADY	
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Enregistrement dans les tables opérationnelles	VALIDED	VALIDED	

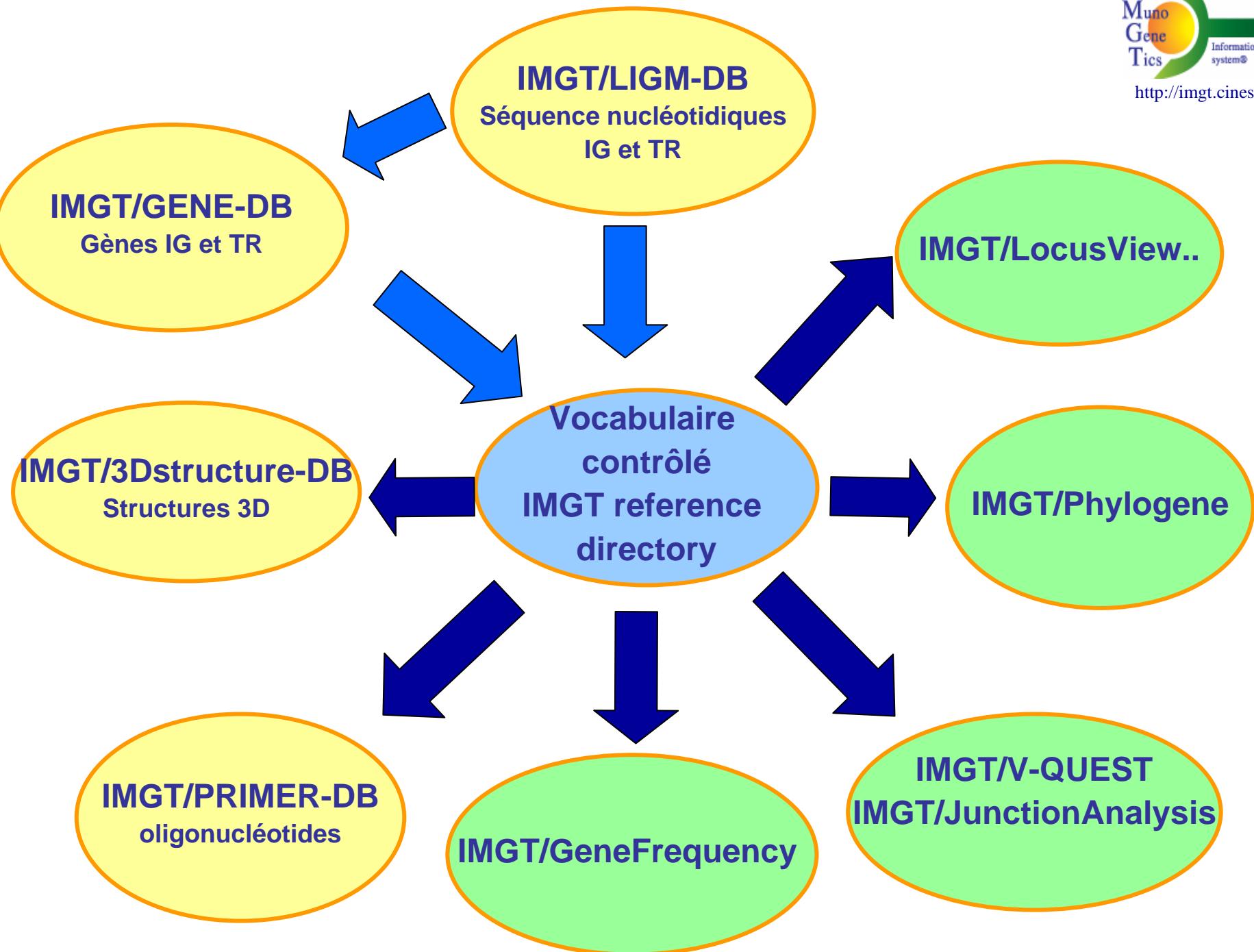
(locked) : indique que l'entrée est prise en charge par un annotateur

		Evénements		
		Arrivée d'une nouvelle entrée	Arrivée d'une mise à jour	Annotation d'une entrée existante
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Etat avant traitement	-	VALIDED	
	Traitements			
<i>Tables de réception</i>	Réception	NEW	UPDATED → UPDQUOTE	
	Chargement	IMPORTED	UPDRUN	
<i>Tables temporaires</i>	Prise en charge par un annotateur	IMPORTED (locked)	UPDUNVAL (locked)	
		NEWREADY	UPDREADY	
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Enregistrement dans les tables opérationnelles	VALIDED	VALIDED	

(locked) : indique que l'entrée est prise en charge par un annotateur

		Evénements		
		Arrivée d'une nouvelle entrée	Arrivée d'une mise à jour	Annotation d'une entrée existante
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Etat avant traitement	-	VALIDED	VALIDED
<i>Tables de réception</i>	Traitements			
<i>Tables temporaires</i>	Réception	NEW	UPDATED → UPDQUOTE	
	Chargement	IMPORTED	UPDRUN	
	Prise en charge par un annotateur	IMPORTED (locked)	UPDUNVAL (locked)	UNVALIDED (locked)
<i>Tables définitives</i>	Enregistrement dans les tables opérationnelles	READY	READY	READY
		VALIDED	VALIDED	VALIDED

(locked) : indique que l'entrée est prise en charge par un annotateur



Rôles des responsables de SI

Assurer la cohérence d'un ensemble d'informations qui comprend des données (dans une base de données...), des applications, interfaces pour un ensemble d'utilisateurs

On demande en plus:

- la disponibilité de l'information le plus rapidement possible
- simultanément sous différents formats
- à travers diverses interfaces
- "tout le monde" veut offrir des services

Les utilisateurs ont des demandes difficiles à anticiper, qui évoluent rapidement

Complexité des SI

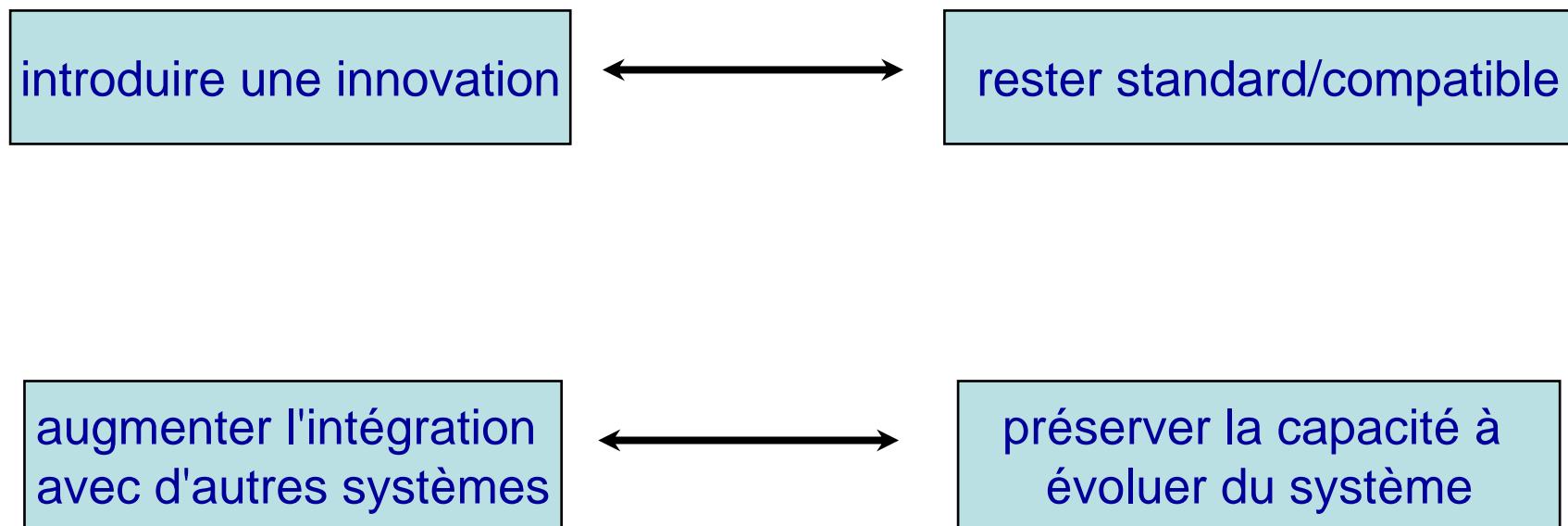
- Les systèmes d'information n'ont jamais été conçus pour durer si longtemps ou pour être résistants au temps qui passe (bug de l'an 2000)
- Il faudrait adapter certaines méthodes, standards, protocoles dépassés/oubliés.
- Les versions des outils, standards, middleware changent plusieurs fois au cours d'un même projet.
- "La toute dernière release, (ou la version beta)" des outils disponibles comprend souvent de nombreux bugs.

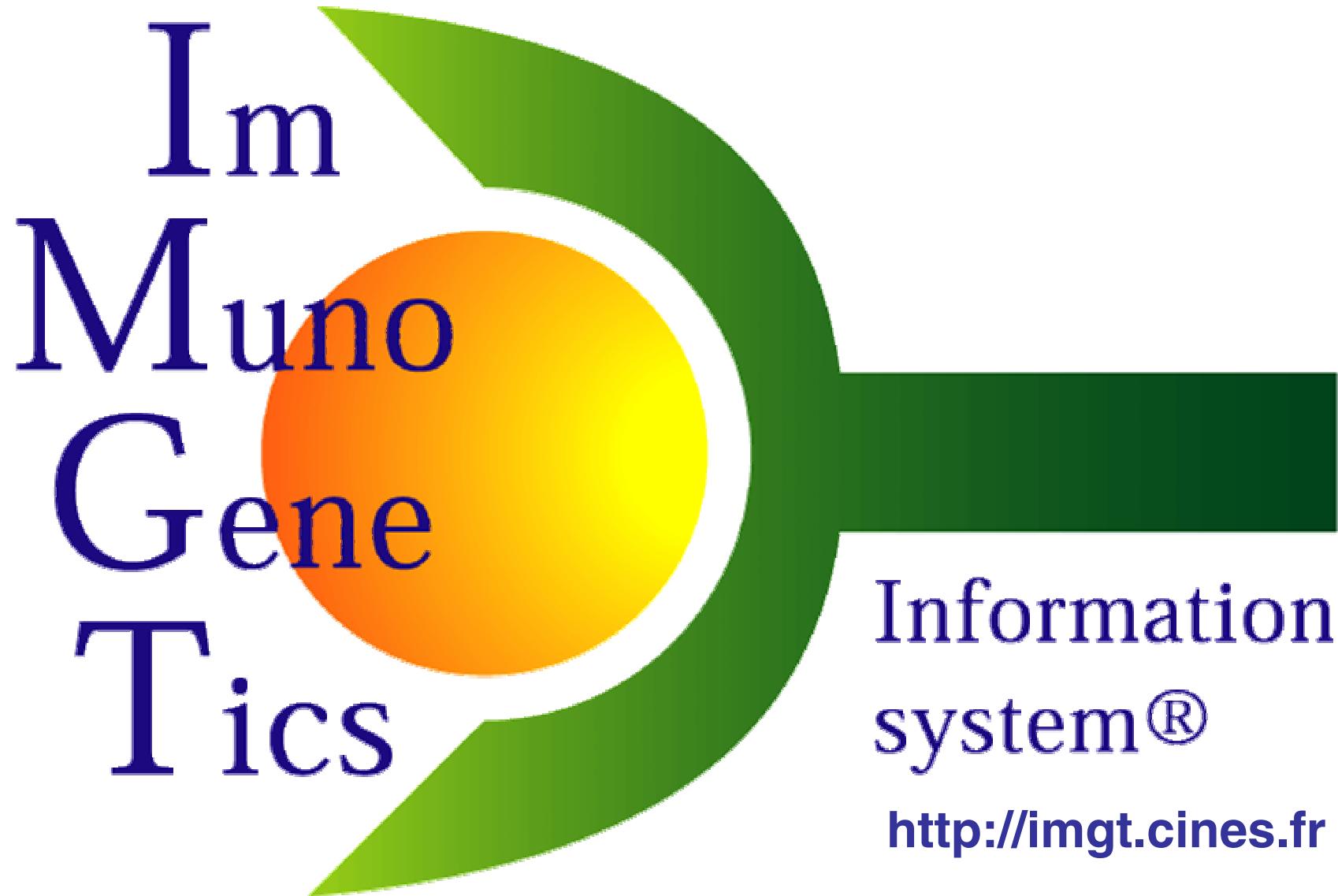
Quand c'est enfin mature, c'est déjà obsolète !

La durée de vie d'un SI dépend de

- Portabilité: il existe plusieurs plate-formes alternatives qui peuvent faire tourner le système
- Evolutivité: un système est évolutif, on peut:
 - ajouter des fonctionnalités
 - augmenter ses capacités maximum
 - l'adapter à des besoins différents/nouveaux
 - corriger des dysfonctionnements
- Réutilisation: Un système est réutilisable s'il peut être intégré (en totalité ou en partie) dans un nouveau projet.
- Standardisation: ensemble de propriétés décrites dans une norme, supportée ou certifiée par un organisme officiel.

L'équilibre des SI





Information
system®

<http://imgt.cines.fr>